Reading the instruction

Manual and following it should seem to be inconvenient and superfluous as it is not enough to hear from others and to realize that a machine is good, to buy it and to believe that now everything should work by itself. The person in question would not only harm himself but also make the mistake of blaming the machine for possible failures instead of himself. In order to ensure success one should enter the mind of a thing, make himself familiar with every part of the machine and get acquainted with how it's handled. Only in this way could you be satisfied both with the machine and with yourself. This goal is the purpose of this instruction manual.

Identification data

Enter the machine identification data here. You will find the identification data on the rating plate.

Machine identification number:
(ten-digit)

Type: ZA-M

Year of manufacture:

Basic weight (kg):

Approved total weight (kg):

Maximum load (kg):

Manufacturer's address

AMAZONEN-WERKE
H. DREYER GmbH & Co. KG
Postfach 51
D-49202 Hasbergen
Tel.: + 49 (0)5405 501-0
E-mail: amazone@amazone.de

Spare part orders

Spare parts lists are freely accessible in the spare parts portal at www.amazone.de.

Please send orders to your AMAZONE dealer.

Formalities of the operating manual

Document number: MG3353
Compilation date: 09.15

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Reprinting, even of sections, only possible with the approval of AMAZONE-WERKE H. DREYER GmbH & Co. KG.
Dear Customer,

You have chosen one of the quality products from the wide product range of AMAZONEN-WERKE, H. DREYER GmbH & Co. KG. We thank you for your confidence in our products.

On receiving the machine, check to see if it was damaged during transport or if parts are missing. Using the delivery note, check that the machine was delivered in full including the ordered special equipment. Damage can only be rectified if problems are signalled immediately!

Before first commissioning, read and understand this operating manual, and particularly the safety information. Only after careful reading will you be able to benefit from the full scope of your newly purchased machine.

Please ensure that all the machine operators have read this operating manual before commissioning the machine.

Should you have any questions or problems, please consult this operating manual or contact your local service partner.

Regular maintenance and timely replacement of worn or damaged parts increases the lifespan of your machine.

User evaluation

Dear Reader,

We update our operating manuals regularly. Your suggestions for improvement help us to create ever more user-friendly manuals.

AMAZONEN-WERKE
H. DREYER GmbH & Co. KG
Postfach 51

D-49202 Hasbergen
Tel.: + 49 (0)5405 501-0
E-mail: amazone@amazone.de
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1 User Information

The User Information section provides information on use of the operating manual.

1.1 Purpose of the document

This operating manual
- Describes the operation and maintenance of the machine.
- Provides important information on safe and efficient handling of the machine.
- Is a component part of the machine and should always be kept with the machine or the traction vehicle.
- Keep it in a safe place for future use.

1.2 Locations in the operating manual

All the directions specified in the operating manual are always seen from the direction of travel.

1.3 Diagrams used

Handling instructions and reactions

Activities to be carried out by the user are given as numbered instructions. Always keep to the order of the handling instructions. The reaction to the handling instructions is given by an arrow.

Example:
1. Handling instruction 1
   → Machine reaction to handling instruction 1
2. Handling instruction 2

Lists

Lists without an essential order are shown as a list with bullets.

Example:
- Point 1
- Point 2

Number items in diagrams

Numbers in round brackets refer to the item numbers in the diagrams. The first number refers to the diagram and the second number to the item in the figure.

Example: (Fig. 3/6)
- Figure 3
- Item 6
2 General safety instructions

This section contains important information on safe operation of the machine.

2.1 Obligations and liability

Comply with the instructions in the operating manual

Knowledge of the basic safety information and safety regulations is a basic requirement for safe handling and fault-free machine operation.

Obligations of the operator

The operator is obliged only to let those people work with/on the machine who
- Are aware of the basic workplace safety information and accident prevention regulations.
- Have been trained in working with/on the machine.
- Have read and understood this operating manual.

The operator is obliged
- To keep all the warning pictograms on the machine in a legible state.
- To replace damaged warning pictograms.

If you still have queries, please contact the manufacturer.

Obligations of the user

Before starting work, anyone charged with working with/on the machine is obliged
- To comply with the basic workplace safety instructions and accident prevention regulations.
- To read and follow the "General safety information" section of this operating manual.
- To read the "Warning pictograms and other signs on the machine" section of this operating manual and to follow the safety instructions of the warning pictograms when operating the machine.
- To get to know the machine.
- To read the sections of this operating manual, important for carrying out your work.

If the user discovers that a function is not working properly, then they must eliminate this fault immediately. If this is not the task of the user or if the user does not possess the appropriate technical knowledge, then they should report this fault to their superior (operator).
General safety instructions

Risks in handling the machine

The machine has been constructed to the state-of-the art and the recognised rules of safety. However, there may be risks and restrictions which occur when operating the machine

• For the health and safety of the user or third persons,
• For the machine,
• For other goods.

Only use the machine

• For the purpose for which it was intended.
• In a perfect state of repair.

Eliminate any faults immediately which could impair safety.

Guarantee and liability

Our "General conditions of sales and delivery" are always applicable. These shall be available to the operator, at the latest on the completion of the contract. Guarantee and liability claims for damage to people or goods will be excluded if they can be traced back to one or more of the following causes:

• Improper use of the machine.
• Improper installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the machine.
• Operation of the machine with defective safety equipment or improperly attached or non-functioning safety equipment.
• Non-compliance with the instructions in the operating manual regarding commissioning, operation and maintenance.
• Independently-executed construction changes to the machine.
• Insufficient monitoring of machine parts which are subject to wear.
• Improperly executed repairs.
• Disasters through the impact of foreign bodies and acts of God.
2.2 Representation of safety symbols

Safety instructions are indicated by the triangular safety symbol and the highlighted signal word. The signal word (DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION) describes the gravity of the risk and has the following significance:

**DANGER**
Identifies an immediate danger with a high risk that may cause death or serious physical injuries (loss of limbs or long-term damage) if not avoided.

If the instructions are not followed, then this will result in immediate death or serious physical injury.

**WARNING**
Indicates a medium risk, which could result in death or (serious) physical injury if not avoided.

If the instructions are not followed, then this may result in death or serious physical injury.

**WARNING**
Indicates a low risk which could cause minor or medium level physical injury or damage to property if not avoided.

**IMPORTANT**
Indicates an obligation to special behaviour or an activity required for proper machine handling.

Non-compliance with these instructions can cause faults on the machine or in the environment.

**NOTE**
Indicates handling tips and particularly useful information.

These instructions will help you to use all the functions of your machine to the optimum.
2.3 Organisational measures

The operator must provide the necessary personal protective equipment, such as:

- Protective glasses
- Protective shoes
- Protective suit
- Skin protection agents, etc.

The operation manual

- Must always be kept at the place at which the machine is operated.
- Must always be easily accessible for the user and maintenance personnel.

Check all the available safety equipment regularly.

2.4 Safety and protection equipment

Before each commissioning of the machine, all the safety and protection equipment must be properly attached and fully functional. Check all the safety and protection equipment regularly.

Faulty safety equipment

Faulty or disassembled safety and protection equipment can lead to dangerous situations.

2.5 Informal safety measures

As well as all the safety information in this operating manual, comply with the general, national regulations pertaining to accident prevention and environmental protection.

When driving on public roads and routes, then you should comply with the statutory road traffic regulations.
### 2.6 User training

Only those people who have been trained and instructed may work with/on the machine. The operator must clearly specify the responsibilities of the people charged with operation, maintenance and repair work.

People being trained may only work with/on the machine under the supervision of an experienced person.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>People</th>
<th>Person specially trained for the activity</th>
<th>Trained person</th>
<th>Person with specialist training (specialist workshop)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Loading/Transport</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commissioning</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>--</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set-up, tool installation</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>X</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operation</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>--</td>
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<tr>
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<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troubleshooting and fault elimination</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Disposal</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

**Legend:**
- X..permitted
- --..not permitted

1) A person who can assume a specific task and who can carry out this task for an appropriately qualified company.

2) Instructed persons are those who have been instructed in their assigned tasks and in the possible risks in the case of improper behaviour, have been trained if necessary, and have been informed about the necessary protective equipment and measures.

3) People with specialist technical training shall be considered as a specialist. Due to their specialist training and their knowledge of the appropriate regulations, they can evaluate the work with which they have been charged and detect possible dangers.

**Comment:**
A qualification equivalent to specialist training can be obtained through long term activity in the appropriate field of work.

Only a specialist workshop may carry out maintenance and repair work on the machine if such work is additionally marked "Workshop work". The personnel of a specialist workshop shall possess the appropriate knowledge and suitable aids (tools, lifting and support equipment) for carrying out the maintenance and repair work on the machine in a way which is both appropriate and safe.
General safety instructions

2.7 Safety measures in normal operation

Only operate the machine if all the safety and protection equipment is fully functional.

Check the machine at least once a day for visible damage and check the function of the safety and protection equipment.

2.8 Danger from residual energy

Note that there may be residual mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic and electrical/electronic energy on the machine.

Use appropriate measures to inform the operating personnel. You can find detailed information in the relevant sections of this operating manual.

2.9 Maintenance and repair work, fault elimination

Carry out prescribed setting, maintenance and inspection work in good time.

Secure all media such as compressed air and the hydraulic system against unintentional start-up.

Carefully fix and secure larger subassemblies to lifting gear when carrying out replacement work.

Regularly check that bolted connections are firmly secured and tighten if necessary.

When the maintenance work is completed, check the function of the safety devices.

2.10 Constructive changes

You may make no changes, expansions or modifications to the machine without the approval of AMAZONEN-WERKE. This is also valid when welding support parts.

Any expansion or modification work shall require the written approval of AMAZONEN-WERKE. Only use the modification and accessory parts released by AMAZONEN-WERKE, so that the type approval remains valid according to the national and international regulations.

Vehicles with an official type approval or with equipment connected to a vehicle with a valid type approval or approval for road transport according to the German road traffic regulations must be in the state specified by the approval.

WARNING
Risk of contusions, cuts, dragging, catching or knocks from support parts.

It is forbidden to:
- Drill holes in the frame or on the running gear.
- Increase the size of existing holes on the frame or the running gear.
- Weld support parts.
2.10.1 Spare and wear parts and aids

Immediately replace any machine parts which are not in a perfect state.

Only use AMAZONE spare and wear parts released by AMAZONEN-WERKE, so that the type approval remains valid according to the national and international regulations. The use of wear and spare parts from third parties does not guarantee that they have been constructed in a way as to meet the requirements placed on them.

AMAZONEN-WERKE shall accept no liability for damage caused by the use of unreleased spare and wear parts or aids.

2.11 Cleaning and disposal

Handle and dispose of any materials used carefully, in particular
- When carrying out work on lubrication systems and equipment and
- When cleaning using solvents.

2.12 User workstation

The machine may only be operated by one person sitting in the driver's seat of the tractor.
2.13 Warning pictograms and other signs on the machine

Always keep all the warning pictograms of the machine clean and in a legible state. Replace illegible warning pictograms. You can obtain the warning pictograms from your dealer using the order number (e.g. MD 075).

Warning pictograms - structure

Warning pictograms indicate dangers on the machine and warn against residual dangers. At these points, there are permanent or unexpected dangers.

A warning pictogram consists of two fields:

Field 1
is a pictogram describing the danger, surrounded by triangular safety symbol.

Field 2
is a pictogram showing how to avoid the danger.

Warning pictograms - explanation

The column Order number and explanation provides an explanation of the neighbouring warning pictogram. The description of the warning pictograms is always the same and specifies, in the following order:

1. A description of the danger.
   For example: danger to fingers or hands from moving operating elements due to cutting or cutting off.

2. The consequence of non-compliance with the danger protection instructions.
   For example: in these cases there is a danger of extremely serious injuries leading to the loss of body parts such as fingers or hands.

3. Instructions for avoiding the danger.
   For example: never reach into the danger area when the tractor engine is running with the cardan shaft/hydraulic system connected.
   Only touch moving operating elements once they have come to a complete standstill.
2.13.1 Positions of warning pictograms and other labels

Warning pictograms

The following diagrams show the arrangement of the warning pictograms on the machine.

Fig. 1

Fig. 2

Fig. 3

Fig. 4

Fig. 5
### General safety instructions

#### Order number and explanation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MD 075</th>
<th>Danger to fingers or hands from moving operating elements due to cutting or cutting off.</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In these cases there is a danger of extremely serious injuries leading to the loss of body parts such as fingers or hands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never reach into the danger area when the tractor engine is running with the cardan shaft/hydraulic system connected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Only touch moving operating elements once they have come to a complete standstill.</td>
</tr>
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>MD 078</th>
<th>Risk of contusions for fingers or hands through accessible moving machine parts!</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In these cases there is a danger of extremely serious injuries leading to the loss of body parts such as fingers or hands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never reach into the danger area when the tractor engine is running with cardan shaft/hydraulic system connected.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MD 079</th>
<th>Danger from materials or foreign objects that are thrown from or ejected by the machine at high speeds.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>These dangers can cause extremely serious and potentially fatal injuries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Stay at a safe distance from the machine when the tractor engine is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Ensure that bystanders maintain a sufficient safety distance from the danger area of the machine as long as the tractor engine is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order number and explanation</td>
<td>Warning pictograms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **MD 082**
**Danger of persons falling from tread surfaces and platforms when riding on the machine or when climbing on powered machines.**
This danger can cause extremely serious and potentially fatal injuries.
It is forbidden to ride on the machine and/or climb on the machine when it is in operation. This also applies to machines with tread surfaces or platforms.
Make sure that nobody is riding on the machine. |
| ![MD 082](image1) |
| **MD 083**
**Danger of your arm or upper torso being drawn in or caught by power driven, unprotected machine elements!**
This danger can cause extremely serious injuries to the arm or upper torso.
Never open or remove protective devices from driven machinery
- as long as the tractor engine is running with the PTO shaft connected / hydraulic drive engaged or
- as long as the tractor engine can be unintentionally started with the PTO shaft connected / hydraulic drive engaged. |
| ![MD 083](image2) |
| **MD 089**
**Risk of crushing of whole body in the danger area of suspended loads/machine parts**
This danger can cause extremely serious and potentially fatal injuries.
The presence of persons under suspended loads/machine parts is prohibited.
Maintain a sufficient safety clearance between you and any suspended loads/machine parts.
Ensure that all personnel maintain a sufficient safety clearance from suspended loads/machine parts.
Direct persons out of the danger area of suspended loads/machine parts. |
| ![MD 089](image3) |
MD 093

Danger due to catching or entrapment due to accessible powered elements of the machine.

These dangers can cause extremely serious and potentially fatal injuries.

Never open or remove protective devices from driven machinery

- as long as the tractor engine is running with the PTO shaft connected / hydraulic drive engaged or
- as long as the tractor engine can be unintentionally started with the PTO shaft connected / hydraulic drive engaged.

MD 095

Read and follow the operating manual and safety information before starting up the machine!

MD 096

Danger due to escaping high-pressure hydraulic fluid which can penetrate the body through the skin (danger of infection).

This danger can cause serious injuries with long-term damage.

Read and observe the information in the operating manual before carrying out repair work on the hydraulic system.
### Order number and explanation

**MD 097**

**Danger from crushing and impacts between the rear of the tractor and the machine during coupling/uncoupling.**

These dangers can cause extremely serious and potentially fatal injuries.

- It is prohibited to operate the tractor's 3-point hydraulic system while persons are present between the rear of the tractor and the machine.
- Only actuate the operator controls for the tractor's three-point hydraulic system
  - from the intended workstation beside the tractor.
  - if you are outside of the danger area between the tractor and the machine.

**MD 100**

This symbol indicates lashing points for fastening load supporting devices when loading the machine.

**MD 102**

**Danger for the operator from unintentional starting and rolling during intervention in the machine, e.g. when carrying out installation work, adjustments, troubleshooting, cleaning or repairs.**

The potential dangers could result in extremely serious and possibly fatal injuries to the entire body.

- Secure the tractor and the machine against unintentional start-up and rolling before any intervention in the machine.
- Depending on the type of intervention, read and understand the information in the relevant sections of this operating manual.
### Order number and explanation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MD 106</th>
<th>Danger from crushing, shearing and/or impacts due to accidental movement of unsecured machine parts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>These dangers can cause extremely serious and potentially fatal injuries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Secure moving machine parts using the safety locking device to prevent accidental movement before entering the danger area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| MD 162 | Maximum support load 800kg per transport roller.                                               |

| MD 199 | Der zulässige, maximale hydraulische Betriebsdruck beträgt 210 bar.                             |
2.14 Dangers if the safety information is not observed

Non-compliance with the safety information

- Can pose both a danger to people and also to the environment and machine.
- Can lead to the loss of all warranty claims.

Seen individually, non-compliance with the safety information could pose the following risks:

- Danger to people through non-secured working areas.
- Failure of important machine functions.
- Failure of prescribed methods of maintenance and repair.
- Danger to people through mechanical and chemical impacts.
- Risk to environment through leakage of hydraulic fluid.

2.15 Safety-conscious working

Besides the safety information in this operating manual, the national general workplace safety and accident prevention regulations are binding.

Comply with the accident prevention instructions on the warning pictograms.

When driving on public roads and routes, comply with the appropriate statutory road traffic regulations.
2.16 Safety information for users

**WARNING**

Risk of contusions, cuts, dragging, catching or knocks from insufficient traffic and operational safety.

Before starting up the machine and the tractor, always check their traffic and operational safety.

2.16.1 General safety and accident prevention information

- Beside these instructions, comply with the general valid national safety and accident prevention regulations.
- The warning pictograms and labels attached to the machine provide important information on safe machine operation. Compliance with this information guarantees your safety.
- Before moving off and starting up the machine, check the immediate area of the machine (children)! Ensure that you can see clearly!
- It is forbidden to ride on the machine or use it as a means of transport!
- Drive in such a way that you always have full control over the tractor with the attached machine.

In so doing, take your personal abilities into account, as well as the road, traffic, visibility and weather conditions, the driving characteristics of the tractor and the connected machine.

Connecting and disconnecting the machine

- Only connect and transport the machine with tractors suitable for the task.
- When connecting machines to the tractor's three-point linkage, the attachment categories of the tractor and the machine must always be the same!
- Connect the machine to the prescribed equipment in accordance with the specifications.
- When coupling machines to the front or the rear of the tractor, the following may not be exceeded:
  - The approved total tractor weight
  - The approved tractor axle loads
  - The approved load capacities of the tractor tyres
- Secure the tractor and the machine against unintentional rolling, before coupling or uncoupling the machine.
- It is forbidden for people to stand between the machine to be coupled and the tractor, whilst the tractor is moving towards the machine!
  Any helpers may only act as guides standing next to the vehicles, and may only move between the vehicles when both are at a standstill.
- Secure the operating lever of the tractor hydraulic system so that unintentional raising or lowering is impossible, before connecting the machine to or disconnecting the machine from the tractor's three-point linkage.
General safety instructions

- When coupling and uncoupling machines, move the support equipment (if available) to the appropriate position (stability).
- When actuating the support equipment, there is a danger of injury from contusion and cutting points!
- Be particularly careful when coupling the machine to the tractor or uncoupling it from the tractor! There are contusion and cutting points in the area of the coupling point between the tractor and the machine.
- It is forbidden to stand between the tractor and the machine when actuating the three-point linkage.
- Coupled supply lines:
  - must easily give way to all movements in bends without tensioning, kinking or rubbing.
  - must not rub against other parts.
- The release ropes for quick action couplings must hang loosely and may not release themselves when lowered.
- Also ensure that uncoupled machines are stable!

Use of the machine

- Before starting work, ensure that you understand all the equipment and actuation elements of the machine and their function. There is no time for this when the machine is already in operation!
- Do not wear loose-fitting clothing! Loose clothing increases the risk over being caught by drive shafts!
- Only start-up the machine, when all the safety equipment has been attached and is in the safety position!
- Comply with the maximum load of the connected machine and the approved axle and support loads of the tractor. If necessary, drive only with a partially filled hopper.
- It is forbidden to stand in the working area of the machine.
- It is forbidden to stand in the turning and rotation area of the machine.
- There are contusion and cutting points at externally-actuated (e.g. hydraulic) machine points.
- Only actuate externally-actuated machine parts when you are sure that there is no-one within a sufficient distance from the machine!
- Before leaving the tractor, secure it from unintentionally starting up or rolling away.
  For this:
  - Lower the machine onto the ground
  - Apply the parking brake
  - Switch off the tractor engine
  - Remove the ignition key
General safety instructions

Machine transportation

- Comply with the national road traffic regulations when using public highways.
- Before moving off, check:
  - The correct connection of the supply lines
  - The lighting system for damage, function and cleanliness
  - The brake and hydraulic system for visible damage
  - That the parking brake is completely disengaged
  - The function of the brake system
- Ensure that the tractor has sufficient steering and braking power.
  Any machines and front/rear weights connected to the tractor influence the driving behaviour and the steering and braking power of the tractor.
- If necessary, use front weights.
  The front tractor axle must always be loaded with at least 20% of the empty tractor weight, in order to ensure sufficient steering power.
- Always fix the front or rear weights to the intended fixing points according to regulations.
- Comply with the maximum load of the connected machine and the approved axle and support loads of the tractor.
- The tractor must guarantee the prescribed brake delay for the loaded vehicle combination (tractor plus connected machine).
- Check the brake power before moving off.
- When turning corners with the machine connected, take the broad load and balance weight of the machine into account.
- Before moving off, ensure sufficient side locking of the tractor lower links, when the machine is fixed to the three-point linkage or lower links of the tractor.
- Before moving off, move all the swivel machine parts to the transport position.
- Before moving off, secure all the swivel machine parts in the transport position against risky position changes. Use the transport locks intended for this.
- Before moving off, secure the operating lever of the three-point linkage against unintentional raising or lowering of the connected machine.
- Check that the transport equipment, e.g. lighting, warning equipment and protective equipment, is correctly mounted on the machine.
- Before transportation, carry out a visual check that the upper and lower link bolts are firmly fixed with the lynch pin against unintentional release.
- Adjust your driving speed to the prevailing conditions.
- Before driving downhill, switch to a low gear.
- Before moving off, always switch off the independent wheel braking (lock the pedals).
2.16.2 Hydraulic system

- The hydraulic system is under a high pressure.
- Ensure that the hydraulic hose lines are connected correctly.
- When connecting the hydraulic hose lines, ensure that the hydraulic system is depressurised on both the machine and tractor sides.
- It is forbidden to block the operator controls on the tractor which are used for hydraulic and electrical movements of components, e.g. folding, swivelling and pushing movements. The movement must stop automatically when you release the appropriate control. This does not apply to equipment movements that:
  - are continuous
  - are automatically controlled
  - require a floating position or pressed position to function
- Before working on the hydraulic system
  - Lower the machine
  - Depressurise the hydraulic system
  - Shut off the tractor engine
  - Apply the parking brake
  - Remove the ignition key
- Have the hydraulic hose line checked at least once a year by a specialist for proper functioning.
- Replace the hydraulic hose line if it is damaged or worn. Only use original AMAZONE hydraulic hose lines.
- The hydraulic hose lines should not be used for longer than six years, including any storage time of maximum two years. Even with proper storage and approved use, hoses and hose connections are subject to natural ageing, thus limiting the length of use. However, it may be possible to specify the length of use from experience values, in particular when taking the risk potential into account. In the case of hoses and hose connections made from thermoplastics, other guide values may be decisive.
- Never attempt to plug leaks in hydraulic hose lines using your hand or fingers.
  Escaping high pressure fluid (hydraulic fluid) may pass through the skin and ingress into the body, causing serious injuries!
  If you are injured by hydraulic fluid, contact a doctor immediately.
  Danger of infection.
- When searching for leakage points, use suitable aids, to avoid the serious risk of infection.
2.16.3 Electrical system

- When working on the electrical system, always disconnect the battery (negative terminal).
- Only use the prescribed fuses. Using unsuitable fuses will destroy the electrical system - risk of fire.
- Ensure that the battery is connected correctly - firstly connect the positive terminal and then connect the negative terminal. When disconnecting the battery, disconnect the negative terminal first, followed by the positive terminal.
- Always place the appropriate cover over the positive battery terminal. Accidental grounding poses the risk of an explosion.
- Risk of explosion – Avoid spark formation and naked flames in the area of the battery!
- The machine can be equipped with electronic components, the function of which may be influenced by electromagnetic interference from other units. Such interference can pose risks to people, if the following safety information is not followed.
  - If retrofitting electrical units and/or components on the machine with a connection to the on-board power supply, the user is responsible for checking whether the installation might cause faults on the vehicle electronics or other components.
  - Ensure that the retrofitted electrical and electronic components comply with the EMC directive 2004/108/EC in the appropriate version and carry the CE label.
2.16.4 Fertiliser spreader operation

- Stay clear of the working area! Danger from flying fertiliser particles. Direct persons away from the throwing range of the fertiliser spreader. Do not walk or stand close to rotating spreading discs.
- Fill the fertiliser spreader only when the tractor engine is shut off, the ignition key is pulled and the sliders are closed.
- Do not place any foreign objects in the hopper.
- While carrying out the spread rate check, beware of danger points from rotating machine parts.
- Never unhitch a fertiliser spreader or roll it while it is full (tipping hazard).
- For boundary spreading at field edges, bodies of water or roads, use boundary spreading devices.
- Before each use, ensure that the attachment parts are properly fitted, particularly those for attaching the spreading discs and spreading vanes.

2.16.5 Cleaning, maintenance and repairs

- Only carry out cleaning, maintenance and repair work on the machine when:
  o The drive is switched off
  o The tractor engine has come to a complete stop
  o The ignition key has been removed
  o The machine connector has been removed from the on-board computer
- Regularly check the nuts and bolts for a firm seat and retighten them as necessary.
- Secure the raise machine and/or raised machine parts against unintentional falling, before cleaning, maintaining or repairing the machine.
- When replacing work tools with blades, use suitable tools and gloves.
- Dispose of oils, greases and filters in the appropriate way.
- Disconnect the cable to the tractor generator and battery, before carrying out electrical welding work on the tractor and on attached machines.
- Spare parts must meet at least the specified technical requirements of AMAZONEN-WERKE. This is ensured through the use of original AMAZONE spare parts.
WARNING
Danger from crushing and / or impacts due to unintentional dropping of the raised machine!

- It is essential to use the marked lashing points for securing load supporting devices if you are loading or unloading the machine with lifting gear.
- Use load supporting devices with a load bearing capacity of at least 500 kg.
- Never enter the area below the raised machine.

Loading using a lifting crane:

(1) Lashing points for securing load supporting devices

Fig. 6
4 Product description

4.1 Overview of subassemblies

Fig. 7
Fig. 7/…
(1) Frame
(2) Hopper
(3) Omnia-set spreading discs
(4) Setting lever for rate slide
(5) Collection bucket for the spread rate check
(6) Weighing frame
(7) Control terminal
(8) Hydraulic control block
(9) Oil filter
(10) Cover for machine computer and cable harness
(11) Dirt trap
(12) Agitator shaft

4.2 Safety and protection equipment

(13) Chain guard of agitator shaft drive to prevent contact with the running chain drive
(14) Protective planks at rear to prevent contact with the rotating spreading vanes
(15) Protective planks at side to prevent contact with the rotating spreading vanes
(16) Guard and function screen in the hopper to prevent contact with the rotating agitator spiral
(17) Upper and lower deflector plates to prevent fertiliser being thrown forward
(18) Guard screen in the lower section of the hopper to prevent contact with the rotating agitator spiral
(19) Warning pictograms

4.3 Supply lines between the tractor and the machine

Fig. 8/…
(1) Hydraulic hose lines
(2) Cable with connection for lighting
(3) Computer cable with machine connector
### 4.4 Transportation equipment

Fig. 9/...

1. 2 rear lights
2. 2 brake lights
3. 2 direction indicators
4. 2 red reflectors
5. 2 rear warning signs
6. 2 side reflectors

Front traffic light kit, required for the hopper attachment **L1000**:

- 1. 2 front warning signs and 2 rear warning signs
- 2. 2 side lights
- 3. 2 direction indicators
  - One additional warning sign on each side in France.

Connect the lighting system via the connector to the 7-pin tractor socket.
4.5 Intended use

The **AMAZONE** fertiliser spreader **ZA-M Profis Hydro**

- is designed exclusively for conventional agricultural applications and are suitable for spreading dry, granule, prilled and crystal-line fertiliser, seed and slug pellets.
- is attached to the tractor's 3-point hydraulic system (Cat II) and operated by one person.
- must only be mounted on a transport frame approved by AMAZONEN-WERKE.
- must not be used in combination with a caterpillar tractor.
- Slopey terrain can be travelled as follows:
  - Along the contours
    - Direction of travel to the left  15 %
    - Direction of travel to the right  15 %
  - Along the gradient
    - Up the slope  15 %
    - Down the slope  15 %

The intended use also includes:

- Compliance with all the instructions in this operating manual.
- Execution of inspection and maintenance work.
- Exclusive use of AMAZONE original spare parts.

Other uses to those specified above are forbidden and shall be considered as improper.

For any damage resulting from improper use:

- the operator bears the sole responsibility,
- AMAZONEN-WERKE assumes no liability whatsoever.

4.6 Danger areas and danger points

The danger area is the area around the machine in which people can be caught:

- By work movements made by the machine and its tools
- By materials or foreign bodies thrown out of the machine
- By tools rising or falling unintentionally
- By unintentional rolling of the tractor and the machine

Within the machine danger area, there are danger points with permanent or unexpected function-related risks. Warning pictograms indicate these danger points and warn against residual dangers, which cannot be eliminated for construction reasons. Here, the special safety regulations of the appropriate section shall be valid.

No-one may stand in the machine danger area:

- as long as the tractor engine is running with a connected cardan shaft / hydraulic system.
- as long as the tractor and machine are not protected against unintentional start-up and running.
The operating person may only move the machine or switch or drive the tools from the transport position to the working position or vice-versa when there is no-one in the machine danger area.

Danger points exist:
- Between the tractor and the machine, particularly during coupling and uncoupling operations.
- In the area of moving parts:
  - Rotating spreading discs with spreading vanes
  - Rotating agitator shaft and agitator shaft drive
  - Hydraulic actuation of the sliders
  - Electric actuation of the dosing sliders
- When climbing onto the machine being driven.
- If the machine or machine parts are lifted and not secured.
- In the working range of the spreading discs when spreading work is in progress due to grains of fertiliser being thrown out.

4.7 Rating plate and CE marking

The following diagrams show the positions of the rating plate and the CE marking.

The rating plate shows:
- Machine ID no.:  
- Type
- Basic weight (kg)  
- Maximum payload
- Factory
- Model year
- Year of manufacture

Fig. 11
## 4.8 Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Hopper volume</th>
<th>Payload</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Filling height</th>
<th>Filling width</th>
<th>Overall width</th>
<th>Overall length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[l]</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>[m]</td>
<td>[m]</td>
<td>[m]</td>
<td>[m]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZA-M Profis Hydro</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>506</td>
<td>1,14</td>
<td>2,15</td>
<td>2,44</td>
<td>1,48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+S500</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>533</td>
<td>1,28</td>
<td>2,16</td>
<td>2,44</td>
<td>1,48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+2xS500</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>1,42</td>
<td>2,16</td>
<td>2,44</td>
<td>1,48</td>
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<tr>
<td>+ L1000</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>563</td>
<td>1,42</td>
<td>2,76</td>
<td>2,93</td>
<td>1,48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+S500 + L1000</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>1,56</td>
<td>2,76</td>
<td>2,93</td>
<td>1,48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZA-M 2501 Profis Hydro</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>563</td>
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<td>2,76</td>
<td>2,93</td>
<td>1,48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZA-M 3001 Profis Hydro</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>1,56</td>
<td>2,76</td>
<td>2,93</td>
<td>1,48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ZA-M Profis Hydro**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Working width</th>
<th>[m]</th>
<th>10-36 (depending on spreading disc and type of fertiliser)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D</th>
<th>[m]</th>
<th>0.62 (Distance between the centre of the lower link ball and the centre of gravity of the rear implement)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Three-point attachment  Category II

**Drive**  Spreader disc speed  Standard speed 720 rpm.  Maximum permissible speed 870 rpm
4.9 **Necessary tractor equipment**

For proper machine operation, the tractor must fulfill the following requirements:

### Tractor engine power

#### Hopper capacity:

- 1500 l from 65 kW (90 bhp) upwards
- 3000 l from 112 kW (150 bhp) upwards

### Electrical system

- **Battery voltage:** 12V (Volt)
- **Lighting socket:** 7-pin

### Hydraulic system

- **Maximum operating pressure:** 210 bar
- **Tractor pump power:** at least 55 l/min at 160 bar
- **Implement hydraulic fluid:** HLP68 DIN 51524

The implement hydraulic fluid is suitable for the combined hydraulic fluid circuits of all standard tractor brands.

#### Control units

- Feed control unit
- 1 pressure-free return flow (max. 8 bar return pressure)

### Three-point attachment

- The tractor's lower links must have lower link hooks.
- The tractor's upper links must have upper link hooks.

4.10 **Noise production data**

The workplace-related emission value (acoustic pressure level) is 74 dB(A), measured in operating condition at the ear of the tractor driver with the cabin closed.

- **Measuring unit:** OPTAC SLM 5
- The noise level is primarily dependent on the vehicle used.
5 Structure and function

The following section provides information on the machine structure and the functions of the individual components.

5.1 Function

The **AMAZONE ZA-M** fertiliser spreader is equipped with two hopper tips and replaceable spreading discs (Fig. 12/1) that are driven from the inside out in opposite directions and counter to the direction of travel, and are equipped with one short (Fig. 12/2) and one long spreading vane (Fig. 12/3).

The fertiliser is
- transferred evenly by the agitator shaft from the hopper onto the spreading discs.
- fed out along the spreading vane and discharged by the spreading discs moving at a speed of 720 rpm.

Use the setting chart to adjust the fertiliser spreader to the fertiliser being distributed.

Hydraulic motors drive the spreading discs and the agitator shaft, and a hydraulic control block supplies them with oil.

Boundary spreading is achieved by reducing the border-side spreading disc speed.

A weigh cell is integrated into the front frame of the **ZA-M Profis Hydro**.

This provides a convenient way to check the spread rate while the machine is in use, and the Control terminal displays the contents of the hopper.
5.2 Guard and function screens in the hopper (protective device)

The foldable guard and function screens cover the entire hopper and serve

- As protection against accidental contact with the rotating agitator spiral.
- Protecting from foreign particles and fertiliser clods.

Fig. 15/...

(1) Guard and function screen
(2) Handle with guard screen lock
(3) Lock for opened guard screen
(4) Unlocking tool

For cleaning, maintenance or repair purposes, the guard screen in the hopper can be folded up using the unlocking tool.

Unlocking tool in:
Fig. 16/1: Parking position (default position)
Fig. 17/1: Unlock position for folding up the guard screen

Opening the guard screen:
1. Move the unlocking tool from parking position into unlock position.
2. Raise the handle and rotate the unlock tool on the handle (Fig. 15).
→ Safety guard lock unlocked.
3. Swing up guard screen until the lock on the edge of the hopper engages.
4. Move the unlocking tool into parking position.

WARNING
Take the tool out of parking position only when opening the hopper.

- Before closing the guard screen, push down the lock (Fig. 18).
- The guard screen locks automatically once closed.
5.3 Spreading discs

As seen in the direction of travel:

- Left spreading disc (Fig. 19/1) with L mark.
- Right spreading disc (Fig. 19/2) with R mark.

Spreading vane:

- Long (Fig. 19/3) - Adjustment scale with values from 35 to 55.
- Short (Fig. 19/4) - Adjustment scale with values from 5 to 28.

The U-shaped spreading vanes are installed in such a way that the open sides point in the direction of rotation and take in the fertiliser.

The working width can be infinitely adjusted by swivelling the spreading vanes on the OM spreading discs (Fig. 20).

The OM spreading discs 10-16 can be used for working widths of 10-16 m.

The OM spreading discs 18-24 can be used for working widths of 18-24 m.

The OM spreading discs 24-36 can be used for working widths of 24-36 m.

In the ZA-M Profis Hydro model, hydraulic motors drive the spreading discs and agitators.

Configure the settings using the information in the setting chart. You can easily check the configured working width using the mobile fertiliser test rig (optional).

5.4 Agitator

The spiral agitators (Fig. 21/1) in the hopper tips ensure uniform fertiliser flow to the spreading discs. The slow-rotating, spiral-shaped segments of the agitator carry the fertiliser evenly to the corresponding outlet opening.
5.5 Slide gate and dosing slider

The spread rate is set **electronically** with the Control terminal **AMATRON 3**.

In this case, dosing sliders (Fig. 22/2) operated by setting motors (Fig. 22/1) release a range of different diameters at the outlet openings (Fig. 22/3).

**Slide gate**

The slide gates (Fig. 22/4) serve to open and close the outlet openings and can be hydraulically operated separately (Fig. 22/5) via the Control terminal **AMATRON 3**.
5.6 Weighing technology

The fertiliser spreader **ZA-M Profis Hydro** makes it possible, with the aid of weighing technology, to determine exactly the fertiliser spread quantity.

Likewise, an exact metering can be ensured without a calibration test.

The **ZA-M Profis Hydro** has a weighing frame mounted in front of the spreader on which the weighing cell is located.

The weighing frame supports the spreader at the top by means of two leaf springs and at the bottom by means of two bearing straps in a parallelogram arrangement.

The leaf springs and bearing straps absorb all the horizontal forces, whereby the vertical force (the weight of the spreader) is absorbed by the micrometer located in the weighing cell.

Before use, a calibration factor is entered for the respective type of fertiliser. If the type of fertiliser is unknown, a calibration test can still be carried out during standstill.

After entering the calibration factor, the calibration run can be started. For this purpose, the calibration procedure is started on the field with the machine at standstill on the AMATRON Control terminal. After spreading at least 200 kg of fertiliser, with the machine at standstill the calibration procedure is terminated on the **AMATRON 3**. It has now calculated a new calibration factor, with which the exact required fertiliser quantity can be spread.

For different fertilisers, different calibration factors must be determined.
On the left and right of the frame of the fertiliser spreader ZA-M, there is a check screw set at 2 mm clearance to the weighing frame.

These check screws prevent the spreader being raised from the weighing frame in event of ground undulations.

If the screws are set without clearance, the weighing result is falsified.
5.7 Hydraulic connections

- All hydraulic hose lines are equipped with grips.

Coloured markings with a code number or code letter have been applied to the gripping sections in order to assign the respective hydraulic function to the pressure line of a tractor control unit!

Films are stuck on the implement for the markings that illustrate the respective hydraulic function.

- The tractor control unit must be used in different types of activation, depending on the hydraulic function.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marking</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Tractor control unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>$P$</td>
<td>Permanent oil circulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>$T$</td>
<td>Pressure-free return flow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>$LS$</td>
<td>Load sensing control line</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Maximum permissible pressure in oil return:** 8 bar

Therefore do not connect the oil return to the tractor control unit, but to a pressure-free oil return flow with a large plug coupling.

**WARNING**

For the oil return, use only DN16 lines and select short return paths.

Pressurise the hydraulic system only when the free return has been correctly coupled.

Install the coupling union (supplied) on the pressure-free oil return flow.
Never let the hydraulic oil temperature increase too much while the machine is in operation.

Using small oil tanks for large flow rates causes hydraulic oil to heat up quickly. The oil tank capacity should be at least twice that of the flow rate. If the oil is heating up too much, have an oil cooler installed at a specialised workshop.

**WARNING**

**Danger of infection from escaping hydraulic fluid at high pressure!**

When coupling and uncoupling the hydraulic hose lines, ensure that the hydraulic system is depressurised on both the machine and tractor sides.

If you are injured by hydraulic fluid, contact a doctor immediately.

### 5.7.1 Coupling the hydraulic hose lines

**WARNING**

**Danger from faulty hydraulic functions in event of incorrectly connected hydraulic hose lines!**

When coupling the hydraulic hose lines, observe the coloured markings on the hydraulic plugs. Here, see "Hydraulic connections", page 45.

- Observe the maximum approved hydraulic operating pressure of 210 bar.
- Check the compatibility of the hydraulic fluids before connecting the machine to the hydraulic system of your tractor.
- Do not mix any mineral oils with biological oils.
- Slide the hydraulic connector(s) into the hydraulic sleeves until they are heard to engage.
- Check the coupling points of the hydraulic hose lines for a correct, tight seat.
- Coupled hydraulic hose lines
  - must easily give way to all movements in bends without tensioning, kinking or rubbing.
  - must not rub against other parts.

1. Swivel the actuation lever on the control valve on the tractor to float position (neutral position).
2. Clean the hydraulic plug for the hydraulic hose lines before connecting them to the tractor.
3. Couple the hydraulic hose lines with the tractor control units.
5.7.2 Uncoupling the hydraulic hose lines

1. Swivel the actuation lever on the control valve on the tractor to float position (neutral position).
2. Unlock the hydraulic connectors from the hydraulic sockets.
3. Safeguard the hydraulic sockets against soiling with the dust protection caps.
4. Insert the hydraulic plug into the plug holder.

5.8 3-point attachment frame

The frame of the ZA-M is designed so that it meets the requirements and dimensions of 3-point attachment of Category II.

(1) Bottom link pin with handle
(2) Top link pin
(3) Clip pin for securing lower link and top link pins.

Fig. 24
5.9 Setting chart

All commercially available types of fertiliser are spread in the AMAZONE spreading hall and the setting data determined in this manner are included in the setting chart. The types of fertiliser listed in the setting chart were in a perfect state when determining the values.

It is recommended to use the fertiliser database with the biggest fertiliser selection for all countries and the most current setting recommendations

- Through the FertiliserService application for Android and iOS mobile devices
- From the online FertiliserService

See www.amazone.de → Service → FertiliserService

Using the QR codes shown below, you can directly access the AMAZONE website to download the FertiliserService application.

Contact partners in the respective countries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GB</td>
<td>0044 1302 755720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRL</td>
<td>00353 (0) 1 8129726</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>0033 892680063</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>0032 (0) 3 821 08 52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NL</td>
<td>0031 316369111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>00352 23637200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>0039 (0) 39652 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DK</td>
<td>0045 74753112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIN</td>
<td>00358 10 768 3097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>0047 63 94 06 57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>0046 46 259200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EST</td>
<td>00372 50 62 246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>0036 52 475555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HR</td>
<td>00385 32 352 352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BG</td>
<td>00359 (0) 82 508000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR</td>
<td>0030 22620 25915</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUS</td>
<td>0061 3 9369 1188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NZ</td>
<td>0064 (0) 272467506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>0081 (0) 3 5604 7644</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Identification of the fertiliser

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YARA calcium ammonium nitrate 27%N + 4%MgO granulated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diameter: 3.88 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk density: 1.00 kg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity factor: 0.941</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Name of the fertiliser
- Fertiliser properties
- Standard calibration factor
- Mounting height

Implements with electric spread rate adjustment can enter the quantity factor as an initial value for the calibration factor when calibrating the fertiliser.

After identification of the fertiliser, read the settings from the setting table:
- Shutter position (for manual spread rate setting)
- Spreading vane position

If you cannot definitively assign the fertiliser to a kind listed in the setting chart
- the AMAZONE Fertiliser Service will assist you over the telephone in assigning the fertilisers and setting recommendations.
  +49 (0) 54 05 / 501 111
- please consult the contact partner in your country.
5.10 Control terminal AMATRON 3

It is absolutely necessary to observe the corresponding operating manual when using the implement with in-cab!

The operating terminal makes it easy to control, operate and monitor the machine.

The spread rate is set electronically.

The slider position required for a specific spreading quantity is determined by means of fertiliser calibration.

The hydraulic functions are operated using the control terminal.

- Open and close the slide gates.
- Reducing the speed of the border-side spreading disc allows for border spreading and wedge-shaped field broadcasting.

Fig. 25
## 5.11 Transport and parking device (removable, optional)

The removable transport and parking device enables easy coupling to the tractor's three-point linkage and easy manoeuvring in the yard and indoors.

To prevent the fertiliser spreader from rolling, the 2 guide rollers are equipped with an immobilisation system (Fig. 26/1).

### WARNING

**Risk of tipping!**

Unhitch a fertiliser spreader or roll it only when the hopper is empty.

### WARNING

When installing/removing the transportation device, secure the raise machine against unintended lowering.

Installation/Removal of transportation device:

1. Couple the machine to the tractor.
2. Raise the machine with the tractor's hydraulic system.
3. Secure the machine against unintentional starting and unintentional rolling away.
4. Support the raised machine so that it cannot be lowered unintentionally.

5. Steerable brake rollers at front (Fig. 26/1)
   - Install and secure with clip pin (Fig. 26/2), or
   - Remove after taking out clip pin.

6. Rigid rollers at rear (Fig. 27/1)
   - Install and secure with safety splints in bores (Fig. 27/2), or
   - Remove after taking out safety splint.

When the transport rollers are not in use, secure the clip pins in the parking position (Fig. 26/3).

When installing the rigid rollers ensure that the pin (Fig. 27/3) goes through the bore of the frame, thus holding the rollers in longitudinal direction.
5.12 Swivelable hopper cover (optional)

The swivelable hopper cover ensures for dry goods to be spread, even in event of wet weather.

Manually operated swivelable hopper cover:
(1) Hand lever
(2) Locking, automatic

5.13 Hopper extensions (optional)

A container volume of up to 3000 l can be achieved by combining the extensions in different ways (see Technical data, page 36).

The implement has a ladder to make it easier to climb into the hopper when extension L1000 is used

Fig. 30/...
(1) Hopper extension S
(2) Hopper extension L
(3) Ladder
Commissioning

6 Commissioning

This section contains information

- on commissioning your machine.
- on checking how you may connect the machine to your tractor.

- Before operating the machine for the first time the operator must have read and understood the operating manual.

- Observe the following chapters
  - “Obligation of the operator” on page 9.
  - “Training of personnel” on page 13.
  - “Warning pictograms and other signs on the machine” from page 16.
  - “Safety information for the operator” from page 24.

It is important to observe these chapters in the interests of your safety.

- Only couple and transport the machine to/with a tractor which is suitable for the task.

- The tractor and machine must comply with the national road traffic regulations.

- The owner (operator) and the driver (user) of the vehicle are responsible for complying with the statutory road traffic regulations.

- Check that the spreading discs are installed correctly. Viewed in direction of travel: left spreading disc “L” and right spreading disc “R”.

- Check that the scales on the spreading discs are installed correctly. The scales with values from 5 to 28 are assigned to the shorter spreading vanes and the scales with values from 35 to 55 are assigned to the longer spreading vanes.
6.1 Checking the suitability of the tractor

**WARNING**

Danger of breaking during operation, insufficient stability and insufficient tractor steering and braking power on improper use of the tractor!

- Check the suitability of your tractor, before connecting the machine to the tractor. You may only connect the machine to tractors suitable for the purpose.
- Carry out a brake test to check whether the tractor achieves the required braking delay with the machine connected.

Requirements for the suitability of a tractor are, in particular:

- The approved total weight
- The approved axle loads
- The load capacity of the installed tyres

You can find this data on the rating plate or in the vehicle documentation and in the tractor operating manual.

The front axle of the tractor must always be subjected to at least 20% of the dead-weight of the tractor.

The tractor must achieve the brake delay specified by the tractor manufacturer, even with the machine connected.

6.1.1 Calculating the actual values for the total tractor weight, tractor axle loads and load capacities, as well as the minimum ballast

The approved total tractor weight, specified in the vehicle documentation, must be greater than the sum of the:

- Empty tractor weight,
- ballast weight and
- total weight of the connected machine or drawbar load of the connected machine

This information is only valid for the Federal Republic of Germany:

If, having tried all possible alternatives, it is not possible to comply with the axle loads and / or the approved total weight, then a survey by an officially-recognised motor traffic expert can, with the approval of the tractor manufacturer, be used as a basis for the responsible authority to issue an exceptional approval according to § 70 of the German Regulations Authorising the Use of Vehicles for Road Traffic and the required approval according to § 29, paragraph 3 of the German Road Traffic Regulations.
### Data required for the calculation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Parameter</strong></th>
<th><strong>Description</strong></th>
<th><strong>Notes</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$T_L$ [kg]</td>
<td>Empty tractor weight</td>
<td>See tractor operating manual or vehicle documentation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_V$ [kg]</td>
<td>Front axle load of the empty tractor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_H$ [kg]</td>
<td>Rear axle load of the empty tractor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$G_H$ [kg]</td>
<td>Total weight of rear-mounted machine or rear ballast</td>
<td>See technical data for machine or rear ballast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$G_V$ [kg]</td>
<td>Total weight of front-mounted machine or front ballast</td>
<td>See technical data for front-mounted machine or front ballast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$a$ [m]</td>
<td>Distance between the centre of gravity of the front machine mounting or the front weight and the centre of the front axle (total $a_1 + a_2$)</td>
<td>See technical data of tractor and front machine mounting or front weight or measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$a_1$ [m]</td>
<td>Distance from the centre of the front axle to the centre of the lower link connection</td>
<td>See tractor operating manual or measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$a_2$ [m]</td>
<td>Distance between the centre of the lower link connection point and the centre of gravity of the front machine mount or front weight (centre of gravity distance)</td>
<td>See technical data of front machine mounting or front weight or measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$b$ [m]</td>
<td>Tractor wheel base</td>
<td>See tractor operating manual or vehicle documents or measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$c$ [m]</td>
<td>Distance between the centre of the rear axle and the centre of the lower link connection</td>
<td>See tractor operating manual or vehicle documents or measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$d$ [m]</td>
<td>Distance between the centre of the lower link connection point and the centre of gravity of the rear-mounted machine or rear ballast (centre of gravity distance)</td>
<td>See technical data of machine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.1.1.2 Calculation of the required minimum ballasting at the front $G_{V_{\min}}$ of the tractor to ensure steering capability

\[
G_{V_{\min}} = \frac{G_H \cdot (c + d) - T_V \cdot b + 0,2 \cdot T_r \cdot b}{a + b}
\]

Enter the numeric value for the calculated minimum ballast $G_{V_{\min}}$ required on the front side of the tractor, in the table (section 6.1.1.7).

6.1.1.3 Calculation of the actual front axle load of the tractor $T_{V_{\text{tat}}}$

\[
T_{V_{\text{tat}}} = \frac{G_V \cdot (a + b) + T_V \cdot b - G_H \cdot (c + d)}{b}
\]

Enter the numeric value for the calculated actual front axle load and the approved tractor front axle load specified in the tractor operating manual in the table (section 6.1.1.7).

6.1.1.4 Calculation of the actual total weight of the combined tractor and machine

\[
G_{\text{tat}} = G_T + T_L + G_H
\]

Enter the numeric value for the calculated actual total weight and the approved total tractor weight specified in the tractor operating manual in the table (section 6.1.1.7).

6.1.1.5 Calculation of the actual rear axle load of the tractor $T_{H_{\text{tat}}}$

\[
T_{H_{\text{tat}}} = G_{\text{tat}} - T_{V_{\text{tat}}}
\]

Enter the numeric value for the calculated actual rear axle load and the approved tractor rear axle load specified in the tractor operating manual in the table (section 6.1.1.7).

6.1.1.6 Tractor tyre loadbearing capacity

Enter the double value (two tyres) of the approved load capacity (see, for example, tyre manufacturer's documentation) in the table (section 6.1.1.7).
### 6.1.1.7 Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Actual value according to calculation</th>
<th>Approved value according to tractor instruction manual</th>
<th>Double approved load capacity (two tyres)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum ballast front / rear</td>
<td>/ kg</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total weight</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>≤ kg</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front axle load</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>≤ kg</td>
<td>≤ kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear axle load</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>≤ kg</td>
<td>≤ kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- You can find the approved values for the total tractor weight, axle loads and load capacities in the tractor registration papers.
- The actually calculated values must be less than or equal to (≤) the permissible values!

### WARNING

Risk of crushing, cutting, entrapment, drawing in and impact through insufficient stability of the tractor and insufficient tractor steering capability and braking power.

It is forbidden to couple the machine to the tractor used as the basis for calculation, if

- one of the actual, calculated values is greater than the approved value.
- there is no front weight (if required) attached to the tractor for the minimum front ballast (G\(_V\)\(_{\min}\)).

- Ballast your tractor with weights at the front or rear if the tractor axle load is exceeded on only one axle.
- Special cases:
  - If you do not achieve the minimum ballast at the front (G\(_V\)\(_{\min}\)) from the weight of the front-mounted machine (G\(_V\)), you must use ballast weights in addition to the front-mounted machine.
  - If you do not achieve the minimum ballast at the rear (G\(_H\)\(_{\min}\)) from the weight of the rear-mounted machine (G\(_H\)), you must use ballast weights in addition to the rear-mounted machine.
6.2 Securing the tractor / machine against unintentional start-up and rolling

**WARNING**

Danger of crushing, shearing, cutting, entrapment, entanglement, being drawn in, caught or struck during all interventions in the machine.

- Due to powered operating elements.
- Due to unintentional actuation of operating elements or running of hydraulic functions when the tractor engine is running.
- Due to tractor and connected machine unintentionally starting up or rolling away.

Secure the tractor and the machine against unintentional start-up and rolling before any intervention in the machine.

- It is forbidden to make any intervention in the machine, such as installation, adjustment, troubleshooting, cleaning and repairs
  - when the machine is running.
  - for as long as the tractor engine is running with a connected PTO shaft/hydraulic system.
  - when the ignition key is inserted in the tractor and the tractor engine with the connected turbine shaft / hydraulic system could be started unintentionally.
  - when moving parts are not blocked against unintentional movement.
  - when persons (children) are on the tractor.

During this work, there is particular danger from unintended contact with driven, unsecured operating elements.

1. Shut down the tractor engine.
2. Remove the ignition key.
3. Apply the tractor's parking brake.
4. Ensure that no persons (children) are on the tractor.
5. If necessary, lock the tractor cabin.
6.2.1 Setting the system converting bolt on the spreader valve block

The setting of the system converting bolt on the spreader valve block depends on the tractor's hydraulic system. Depending on the hydraulic system:

- **Unscrew the system converting bolt as far as it will go (factory setting) for tractors with**
  - Open-centre hydraulic system (continuous flow system, geared pump hydraulics).
  - Setting pump with adjustable oil extraction via the control unit.

- **Tighten the system converting bolt as far as it will go (opposite to factory setting) for tractors with**
  - Closed-centre hydraulic system (constant pressure system, pressure regulated setting pump).
  - Load-sensing hydraulic system (pressure and power controlled setting pump) with direct load-sensing pump connection and control line. The required flow rate is regulated by the tractor hydraulic pump.

The machine must be depressurised before making adjustments.
Adjusting the system converting bolt:

1. Unscrew the cover.
2. Unscrew the system converting bolt to the stop
   o (factory setting),
   → no load-sensing operation,
   o screw in
   → Load-sensing operation
3. Fit spacer sleeve (no load-sensing) (Fig. 32/A),
   Do not fit spacer sleeve (load-sensing) (Fig. 32/B).
4. Fit cover with O-ring.
7 Coupling and uncoupling the machine

When coupling and decoupling the machine, comply with the chapter "Safety information for the user", page 24.

WARNING

Danger from crushing, catching, entanglement and / impacts caused by unintentional starting and rolling of the tractor when the tractor’s PTO shaft and supply lines are coupled or decoupled!

Secure the tractor and machine against unintentional start-up and rolling, before entering the danger area between the tractor and machine when coupling or decoupling the PTO shaft. See page 57.

WARNING

Danger from crushing and impacts between the rear of the tractor and the machine during coupling/uncoupling.

- It is prohibited to operate the tractor’s 3-point hydraulic system while persons are present between the rear of the tractor and the machine.
- Only actuate the operator controls for the tractor's three-point hydraulic system
  - from the intended workstation beside the tractor.
  - if you are outside of the danger area between the tractor and the machine.

WARNING

Couple and uncouple the fertiliser spreader only when it is empty. Tipping hazard!
### 7.1 Coupling the machine

**WARNING**

**Danger from crushing and / or impacts when coupling the machine between the tractor and the machine!**

Instruct people to leave the danger area between the tractor and the machine before you approach the machine.

Any helpers may only act as guides standing next to the tractor and the machine, and may only move between the vehicles when both are at a standstill.

**WARNING**

**Risk of crushing, catching, entrapment and impacts when the machine is unexpectedly released from the tractor!**

- Use the intended equipment to connect the tractor and the machine in the proper way.
- When coupling the machine to the tractor's three-point hydraulic system, ensure that the attachment categories of the tractor and the machine are the same.
- Be absolutely certain to upgrade the category II upper and lower link pins of the machine to category III using reducing sleeves if your tractor has a category III three-point linkage.
- Only use the upper and lower link pins provided to couple up the machine (original pins).
- Check the upper and lower link pins for visible defects whenever the machine is coupled. Replace the upper and lower link pins in the event of clearly visible wear.
- Secure the upper and lower link pins against unintentional release.
- Perform a visual inspection to ensure that the upper and lower link hooks are correctly locked before reversing the tractor.

**WARNING**

**Danger of breaking during operation, insufficient stability and insufficient tractor steering and braking power on improper use of the tractor!**

You may only connect the machine to tractors suitable for the purpose. For this, see the chapter "Checking the suitability of the tractor", page 53.

**WARNING**

**Risk of energy supply failure between the tractor and the machine through damaged power lines!**

During coupling, check the course of the power lines. The power lines

- must give slightly without tension, bending or rubbing on all movements of the connected machine.
- may not scour other parts.
1. Secure the machine to prevent it from accidentally rolling away if the machine is equipped with a transport fixture – see "Transport and parking device" chapter on page 50.

2. Always check for visible damage when coupling the machine: See the chapter "Obligation of operator" on page 9.

3. Fasten the ball sleeves over the upper link pins and fasten the lower link pins in the pivot points of the three-point attachment frame.

4. Secure the upper link pin and the lower link pin against unintentional release with a linchpin each. See the chapter "3-point attachment frame", Page 46.

5. Direct people out of the danger area between the tractor and machine before you approach the machine with the tractor.

6. First couple the supply lines to the tractor before you couple the machine with the tractor as follows:
   6.1 Drive the tractor up to the machine to leave a clearance of approximately 25 cm between tractor and machine.
   6.2 Secure the tractor against unintentional starting and unintentional rolling away. For this, see the chapter "Securing the tractor against unintentional starting and rolling", from page 57.
   6.3 Check whether the universal joint shaft of the tractor is switched off.
   6.4 Couple the hydraulic hose lines, see the chapter "Coupling the hydraulic hose lines", from page 45.
   6.5 Couple the lighting system, see the chapter "Transportation equipment", page 33.
   6.6 Couple the Control terminal (if installed), refer to separate operating manual for AMATRON 3.
   6.7 Align the lower link hooks so that they are flush with the lower attachment points of the machine.

7. Now continue to reverse the tractor up to the machine so that the lower linking points of the machine pick up the lower link hook of the tractor.

8. Raise the three-point hydraulic system of the tractor until the lower link hooks receive the ball sleeves and automatically interlock.

9. From the tractor seat, couple the upper link to the top attachment point of the three-point attachment frame using the top link hook.
   → The top link hooks lock automatically.

10. Perform a visual inspection to ensure that the upper and lower link hooks are correctly locked before reversing the tractor.
7.2 Uncoupling the machine

**WARNING**

Danger from crushing and / or impacts
- due to insufficient stability and tilting of the uncoupled machine on uneven, soft ground!
- due to unintentional rolling of the machine parked on a transportation device!
- Always place the uncoupled machine with empty hopper on a horizontal storage space with a solid base.
- Secure the machine against unintentional rolling when you park the machine on a transportation device. Here, see the chapter "Transportation and parking device", page 50.

**CAUTION**

Risk of tipping
When setting down the fertilizer spreader, only a small residual amount may be found in the hopper.

When uncoupling the machine, there must always be enough space in front of the machine, so that you can align the tractor with the machine if necessary.

1. Always place the machine with empty hopper on a horizontal storage space with a solid base.
2. Always check for visible damage when uncoupling the machine. See the chapter "Obligation of operator" on page 9.
3. Uncouple the machine from the tractor as follows:
   3.1 Relieve the load from the top link.
   3.2 Unlock and uncouple the top link hooks from the tractor seat.
   3.3 Relieve the load from the lower link.
   3.4 Unlock and uncouple the lower link hooks from the tractor seat.
   3.5 Draw the tractor approximately 25 cm forwards. → The resulting free space between the tractor and the machine provides better access to the supply lines when disconnecting them.
   3.6 Secure the tractor against unintentional starting and rolling away, see the chapter "Securing the tractor against unintentional starting and rolling away", from page 57.
   3.7 Secure the machine to prevent it from accidentally rolling away if the machine is equipped with a transport fixture – see "Transport and parking device" chapter on page 50.
   3.8 Uncouple the hydraulic hose lines, see the chapter "Uncoupling the hydraulic hose lines", from page 46.
   3.9 Uncouple the lighting system, see the chapter "Transportation equipment", page 33.
   3.10 Couple the Control terminal, refer to separate operating manual for AMATRON 3.
8 Adjustments

When performing any adjustment work on the machine, observe the information in the following chapters

- "Warning pictograms and other labels on the machine" from page 16 and
- "Safety information for the operator" from page 24.

Observing this information is important for your safety.

WARNING

Danger of, shearing, cutting, entrapment, entanglement, being drawn in, caught or struck during all adjustment work on the machine

- due to unintentional contact with moving operating elements (spreading vanes of rotating spreading discs).
- due to tractor and connected machine unintentionally starting up or rolling away.
- Secure the tractor and the machine against unintentional start-up and rolling, before adjusting the machine. See page 57.
- Only touch moving operating elements (rotating spreading discs) when they have come to a complete standstill.

WARNING

Risk of contusions, catching and knocks during all adjustment work on the machine due to unintentional lowering of the coupled and raised machine.

Secure the tractor cabin against entry of other persons to prevent unintentional actuation of the tractor's hydraulic system.

Please note that the individual spreading properties of the spread material have a significant influence on the lateral distribution and spread rate. For this reason, the listed setting values should only be considered as a reference.

The spreading properties depend on the following factors:

- The fluctuations in the physical data (specific weight, grain size, frictional resistance, cw value, etc.) within the same type and brand
- The different properties of the spread material due to weather factors and/or storage conditions.

As a result of this, we cannot guarantee that your spreading material, even with the same name and from the same manufacturer, has the same spreading properties as the listed spreading material. The specified setting recommendations for the lateral distribution are based exclusively on the weight distribution and not on the nutrient distribution (this applies particularly for mixed fertilisers) or the active substance distribution (e.g., for slug pellets or lime). Claims for damages not caused by the centrifugal spreader itself are excluded.
8.1 Adjusting the mounting height

**WARNING**

Danger of crushing and / or impact for persons behind / under the fertiliser spreader due to unintentional dropping of the fertiliser spreader if the top link halves are accidentally rotated apart or tear apart!

Make sure no persons are present in the danger area behind or below the machine before adjusting the mounting height via the upper link.

Set the exact mounting height of the loaded machine on the field in accordance with the setting chart. Following the adjustment, measure the mounting height at the front and rear side of the fertiliser spreader from the surface of the ground (Fig. 35).

1. Switch off the universal joint shaft of the tractor (if necessary).
2. Wait until rotating spreading discs come to a complete standstill (if necessary) before adjusting the mounting height.
3. Direct persons away from the danger zone behind or under the machine.
4. Adjust the required mounting height on the field as per the specifications in the setting chart for the required fertiliser type (normal or late top dressing).
   4.1 Raise or lower the fertiliser spreader via the tractor’s three-point hydraulic system until the spreading disc at the side in the centre reaches the required mounting height.
   4.2 Change the length of the upper link if the mounting heights a and b on the front and reverse side of the spreading discs deviate from the required mounting heights.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard mounting height</th>
<th>=</th>
<th>a / b = 80 cm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Installation dimension a smaller</td>
<td>=</td>
<td>Extend length of the top link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation dimension a greater</td>
<td>=</td>
<td>Shorten length of the top link</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig. 34
The mounting heights specified here in cm—usually horizontal 80/80—apply for normal fertilising.

For spring fertilising, if the plants have already grown to a height of 10-40 cm, one-half of the growth height should be added to the specified mounting height (e.g. 80/80). Therefore, for a growth height of 30 cm, set a mounting height of 95/95. For greater growth heights, configure the settings according to the specifications for late topdressing. For dense crops (rapeseed), set the centrifugal broadcaster with the specified mounting height (e.g. 80/80) above the crop. If the growth height makes this impossible, configure according to the specifications for late top dressing.

8.2 Setting normal fertilising/late top dressing

Fig. 35

The spreading discs are equipped with spreading vanes as standard and can be used to carry out not only normal fertilising but also late top dressing in cereal crops up to 1 m high.

1. Switch off the universal joint shaft of the tractor (if necessary).
2. Wait until rotating spreading discs come to a complete standstill (if necessary) before swivelling the spreading vanes.
3. Swivel the swivel blades (Fig. 35/1) of the spreading vanes to the required position for normal fertilising or late top dressing.
   • Normal fertilising:
     → Swivel the swivel blades downward.
   • Late top dressing:
     → Swivel the swivel blades upward
Mounting height for late top dressing:

Using the tractor's three-point linkage, set the mounting height of the spreader so that the distance between the grain tips and the spreading discs is approx. 5 cm (Fig. 36). Fasten the lower link pins in the lower link connections at the bottom if required.

Fig. 36

8.3 Setting the spread rate

See the control terminal operating manual.

The slider position required for the desired spread rate is adjusted electronically via the two rate slides.

After entering the desired spread rate on the control terminal [target rate in kg/ha], the fertiliser calibration factor must be determined (spread rate check). It determines the regulating behaviour of the control terminal.
8.4 Spread rate check

---

Carry out spread rate check:
- each time fertiliser is changed
- when spread rate is changed
- when working width is changed

Alternatively, the spread rate check is:
- carried out at the beginning of the spreading process (the calibration factors are measured while spreading the first 200 kg of fertiliser).
  → Work menu: select Automatic fertiliser calibration (Fig. 37 /1).
- carried out continually throughout the spreading process (online calibration).
  → Machine data menu: select Switch on online scales (Fig. 38 /1).
- Carried out while at a standstill.
  → Main menu: call up Calibration menu (Fig. 39 /1).
8.4.1 Preparations for spread rate check (without weighing technology)

1. Set the required slider position at the left hopper tip to achieve the desired spread rate.

2. Remove the two spreader discs.
   2.1 Unscrew the thumb bolt (Fig. 40/1) securing the spreader disc and remove the spreader disc from the gearbox shaft.
   2.2 Screw the thumb bolt back into the gearbox shaft (to prevent fertiliser falling into the tap hole).

3. Hook the collection bucket (Fig. 40/2) using the brackets (Fig. 40/3) into the supports (Fig. 40/4 and Fig. 40/5) on the frame.

Fig. 40

Attach bracket to collection bucket (Fig. 41/1-6):

Fig. 41
8.5 Setting the working width

- There are different spreading disc pairs for the various working widths.
- The existing tramline system (distance between the tramlines) determines the selection of the required spreading disc pair.
- The working widths are adjustable within the working ranges of the respective Omnia Set (OM) spreading disc pairs (however, there may be deviations for the spreading of urea).
- The type of fertiliser and desired working width determine the setting of the pivotable spreading vanes.

The specific spreading properties of a fertiliser influence its throwing range. The pivotable spreading vanes allow the adjustment of these specific spreading properties of a fertiliser, so that the respective fertiliser can be spread over the desired working width.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Working width</th>
<th>Spreading disc pair</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 - 16 m</td>
<td>OM 10 – 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 - 24 m</td>
<td>OM 18 – 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 - 36 m</td>
<td>OM 24 – 36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The primary factors that affect the spreading properties are:
- Granule size
- Bulk density
- Surface condition
- Humidity

We therefore recommend the use of a well granulated fertiliser by a renowned manufacturer and also checking of the working width setting using the mobile fertiliser test rig.

**WARNING**

Danger of ejection of parts of the quick-release screw connection in event of incorrect tightening of the wing nut after the working depth is set!

After setting the working depth, always check whether you have manually retightened the wing nut of the quick-release screw connection.
8.5.1 Replacing the spreading discs

1. Remove the wing nut (Fig. 42/1).
2. Rotate the spreading disc so that the 8 mm dia. disc hole is aligned with the centre of the machine.
3. Remove the spreading disc from the gearbox shaft.
4. For easier assembly, apply assembly paste (KA059) on the output shaft of the angle gear.
5. Fit another spreading disc.
6. Secure the spreading disc by tightening the wing nut.

![Fig. 42](image)

- When fitting the spreading discs, do not confuse "left" and "right".
  - Right spreading disc with engraved R
  - Left spreading disc with engraved L
- The right gearbox shaft has a lock pin. Always install the right spreading disc with two grooves here.

With the equipment of the spreader with control panel, the metering disc for changing the spreading discs is open completely.

See the corresponding operating manual.
8.5.2 Adjusting the spreading vane positions

Fig. 43

The spreading vane position depends on:
- the working width and
- the type of fertiliser.

Two different scales, designed so as to make it impossible to confuse them, are arranged on each spreading disc for precision setting of the individual spreading vane positions (Fig. 43/1 and Fig. 43/2).

- The shorter spreading vanes (Fig. 43/3) are assigned the scale (Fig. 43/1) with values from 5 to 28; the longer spreading vanes (Fig. 43/4) are assigned the scale (Fig. 43/2) with the values from 35 to 55.
  - For the short spreading vane (Fig. 43/3), read off the set value on the read-off edge (Fig. 43/5).
  - For the long spreading vane (Fig. 43/4), read off the set value on the read-off edge (Fig. 43/6).
- Swivelling the spreading vanes to a higher scale value (Fig. 43/1 or Fig. 43/2) increases the working width.
- The shorter spreading vanes primarily distribute the fertiliser in the centre of the spread pattern, while the longer vanes primarily distribute it to the outer area.
Adjust the spreading vanes as follows:

1. Switch off the tractor's universal joint shaft.
2. Secure the tractor against unintentional starting and rolling away, see the chapter "Securing the tractor against unintentional starting and rolling away", from page 57.
3. Wait until rotating spreading discs come to a complete standstill before adjusting the working width.
4. Set the desired working width by swivelling the short and long spreading vanes in one after the other.
   4.1 Turn the spreading disc so that the respective wing nut under the spreading disc can be released without problem.
   4.2 Release the respective wing nut.
   4.3 Refer to the setting chart for the short and long spreading vanes.
   4.4 Swivel the respective spreading vane so that you can read off the required setting on the scale on the read-off edge.
   4.5 Firmly retighten the respective wing nut by hand (without a tool).

---

Extract from setting chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spreader disc</th>
<th>OM 10-12</th>
<th>OM 10-16</th>
<th>OM 18-24</th>
<th>OM 24-36</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Width [m]</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>21</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vane position</td>
<td>27/45</td>
<td>27/45</td>
<td>24/47</td>
<td>24/47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24/47</td>
<td>24/47</td>
<td>19/45</td>
<td>19/45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>19/45</td>
<td>19/45</td>
<td>19/45</td>
<td>19/46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14/40</td>
<td>15/41</td>
<td>15/41</td>
<td>17/43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18/43</td>
<td>19/46</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

Type of fertiliser: **YARA calcium ammonia nitrate 27% N + 4% MgO granular**

Spreader disc: OM 24-36

Required working width: 24 m

Vane position: 14 (short vane) 40 (long vane)
8.5.3 Checking the working width with the mobile test rig (optional)

The setting values of the setting chart are to be considered **guideline values**, as the spreading properties of the different types of fertiliser change. We recommend checking the set working width of the throw spreader using the **mobile fertiliser test rig** (Fig. 44).

For more information, refer to the operating manual for the "mobile test rig".

Fig. 44
9 Transportation

- Comply with the chapter "Safety information for the user", from page 26 when moving.
- Before moving off, check:
  - The correct connection of the supply lines
  - The lighting system for damage, function and cleanliness
  - The hydraulic system for visible defects

**WARNING**
Risk of contusions, cutting, catching, drawing in and knocks through unintentional releasing of the coupled machine!

Carry out a visual check that the upper and lower link pins are firmly secured against unintentional release.

**WARNING**
Risk of contusions, cuts, dragging, catching or knocks from tipping and insufficient stability.

- Drive in such a way that you always have full control over the tractor with the attached machine.
  In so doing, take your personal abilities into account, as well as the road, traffic, visibility and weather conditions, the driving characteristics of the tractor and the connected machine.
- Before transportation, fasten the side locking of the tractor lower link, so that the connected or coupled machine cannot swing back and forth.

**WARNING**
Danger of breaking during operation, insufficient stability and insufficient tractor steering and braking power on improper use of the tractor!

Comply with the maximum load of the connected machine and the approved axle and support loads of the tractor. If necessary, drive only with a partially filled hopper.

**WARNING**
Risk of falling from the machine if riding against regulations!

It is forbidden to ride on the machine and/or climb the running machine.

- During road transport, only lift the fertiliser spreader until the top edge of the reflector is no more than 1500 mm above the road surface.
- Secure the machine against unintentional lowering before driving on the road!
10 Use of the machine

When using the machine, observe the information in the following sections:
- "Warning pictograms and other signs on the machine"
- "Safety information for the user", on page 24 ff.
Observing this information is important for your safety.

WARNING
Danger from ejected objects (fertiliser particles, foreign bodies, e.g. small stones) in the direction of the tractor without the intended protective equipment (deflector plates)!
Only ever start up the machine when the protective equipment (deflector plates) is fully installed.

WARNING
Danger from catching, entanglement, pulling in or entrapment during machine operation due to accessible powered elements of the machine.
- Only start up the machine, when all the safety equipment has been attached and is in the closed position.
- It is forbidden to open the safety equipment when the machine is running.
- for as long as the tractor engine is running with a connected PTO shaft/hydraulic system.
- when the ignition key is inserted in the tractor and the tractor engine with the connected turbine shaft / hydraulic system could be started unintentionally.

WARNING
Risk of contusions, cutting, catching, drawing in and knocks through unintentional releasing of the coupled machine!
Before each use of the machine, carry out a visual check that the upper and lower link pins are firmly secured against unintentional release.

WARNING
Danger of catching or entanglement and drawing in or entrapment of loose clothing by moving elements (rotating spreading discs)!
Do not wear loose-fitting clothing. Tight clothing reduces the risk of unintentional catching or entanglement and drawing in or entrapment by moving elements.
For new machines, after 3-4 full hopper loads, check that the screws are tight and retighten if necessary.

Use only fertiliser with the proper grain size, of the kinds listed in the setting chart. If you do not have accurate knowledge of the fertiliser, check the fertiliser lateral distribution for the set working width using the mobile fertiliser test rig.

When spreading mixed fertilisers, note the following:
  - Each variety may have different flight characteristics.
  - The individual varieties may separate.

After ever use, remove any fertiliser clinging to the spreading vanes.

10.1 Filling the centrifugal broadcaster

**WARNING**

Danger of breaking during operation, insufficient stability and insufficient tractor steering and braking power on improper use of the tractor!

Comply with the maximum load of the connected machine and the approved axle and support loads of the tractor. If necessary, drive only with a partially filled hopper.

- Remove residues or foreign bodies from the hopper before filling with fertiliser.
- Always fill the hopper with the guard and function screen closed. Only a closed guard and function screen prevents clumps of fertiliser and/or foreign bodies getting into the hopper and blocking the agitator.
- Observe the permitted payload of the spreader (see technical data) and axle loads of the tractor!
- Only fill the hopper when the sliders are closed.
- It is essential to observe the safety instructions from the fertiliser manufacturer. Use appropriate protective clothing as necessary.

**CAUTION**

Risk of tipping!

- Only fill the fertiliser spreader when coupled to the tractor!
- Never park or roll the fertiliser spreader when filled (with transport device).
10.2 Spreading operation

- The spreading vanes and swivel blades are made of especially hard-wearing stainless steel. However, the spreading vanes and swivel blades are wearing parts.
- The type of fertiliser, times of use and spread rates influence the service life of spreading vanes and swivel blades.
- Several spreading materials such as kieserite, Excello granules and magnesium sulphate may cause higher levels of wear on the spreading vanes. We supply spreading vanes with higher resistance to wear for these spreading materials (optional).
- The technical condition of the spreading vanes and swivel blades is essential for uniform lateral distribution of the fertiliser on the field (i.e. forming strips).

**WARNING**

Danger of ejection of parts of the spreading vanes / swivel blades, caused by worn spreading vanes / swivel blades!

Every day, at the start and end of spreading work, check all spreading vanes and swivel blades for visible damage/defects. Refer to the criteria for the replacement of wearing parts in the chapter "Replacing spreading vanes and swivel blades", page 92.

**WARNING**

Danger from materials or foreign objects that are thrown from or ejected by the machine at high speeds.

- Make sure that uninvolved persons are kept well clear of the danger area of the machine in the following situations:
  - Before you switch on the power for the spreading discs.
  - Before you open the slide gate.
  - While the tractor engine is running.
- When spreading fertiliser at field edges in residential areas / along roads, take care not to endanger persons or damage objects. Maintain a sufficient safety distance and use the appropriate devices for boundary spreading and/or reduce the drive speed of the spreading discs.

**WARNING**

Risk of contusions, cutting, catching, drawing in and knocks through insufficient stability and tipping of the tractor and/or the connected machine.

Drive in such a way that you always have full control over the tractor with the attached machine.

In so doing, take your personal abilities into account, as well as the road, traffic, visibility and weather conditions, the driving characteristics of the driver and the connected machine.
WARNING

Danger of being entangled and drawn in event of contact with the driven agitator when climbing onto the machine!

- Never climb on the machine when the tractor engine is running.
- Secure the tractor and the machine against unintentional start-up and rolling before climbing onto the machine.

WARNING

Danger of being caught and drawn in with driven agitator!

Never insert any objects through the guard and function screen while the tractor engine is running.
Use of the machine

The fertiliser spreader is operated using the control terminal.

See operating manual for software AMABUS.

- The fertiliser spreader is coupled to the tractor and the hydraulic hoses are connected.
- The settings have been configured.
1. Activate tractor control unit red and switch on hydraulic fluid supply for the control block!
   → Switch all hydraulic functions using the control terminal.

- Never open the two slide gates until the required universal joint shaft speed has been reached.
- Set the spreading disc speed to 720 rpm unless indicated otherwise in the setting chart.
- Always carry out a spread rate check or turn on the online calibration at the beginning of the spreading process.

2. Open the slide gates hydraulically and drive to the spreading area.

3. When you have finished spreading:
   3.1 Close the slide gates.
   3.2 Activate tractor control unit red and switch off the hydraulic fluid supply for the control block!

- After long transport with a full hopper, ensure that the yield is correct before spreading begins.

- If, despite an identical shutter position, you determine that the two hopper tips are not emptying uniformly, check the basic setting of the sliders.
- The service life of the spreading vanes depends on the kinds of fertiliser used, the operating times and the spread rates.
10.2.1 Recommendation for working in headlands

Correctly laid tramlines correctly is the prerequisite for accurate work at field boundaries or edges. The first tramline (Fig. 45/T1) is generally placed at half the distance between the tramline to the edge of the field. A tramline of this type is laid in the same fashion in the headlands.

On account of spreading towards the rear, for accurate distribution on headlands the following must be noted:

Open and close the sliders for forward (tramlines T1, T2, etc.) and return trips (tramlines T3, etc.) at different distances to the field edge.

- Open the slide gate after entering the tramline at point P1 (Fig. 46), when the spreader discs are at distance X from the tramline of the headland.
  - \( X = 1 \text{ working width} \) with working widths > 18m.
  - \( X = 1.5 \text{ working widths} \) with working widths < 18m.

- Close the slide gate before leaving the tramline at point P2 (Fig. 46), when the spreader discs are located at the level of the first tramline of the headland.

Using the method just described prevents fertiliser loss and over or under-fertilising and thus is an environmentally friendly way of working.
10.3 Boundary, ditch and side spreading

Boundary, boundary/ditch and side spreading with the ZA-M Profis Hydro is achieved by reducing the border-side spreading disc speed.

The speed is adjusted in accordance using the information in the setting chart via the control terminal. The individual speed alteration of the spreading discs allows spreading along the field borders, as specified in the fertiliser ordinance.

1. Boundary spreading in accordance with fertiliser ordinance (Fig. 47):
Along the field boundary there is a road, a field path or another person’s lot.
Fertiliser is not permitted to fall beyond the boundaries in accordance with the fertiliser ordinance.

2. Ditch spreading in accordance with fertiliser ordinance (Fig. 48):
There is body of water or a ditch along the field boundary.
The fertiliser ordinance specifies the following:
- No fertiliser must be spread within one metre of the boundary (with use of boundary spreading devices).
- No fertiliser must be spread within three metres of the boundary (without use of boundary spreading devices).
- Erosion and wash-away (e.g. in surface waters) must be prevented.

Border spreading and ditch spreading:
To prevent over-fertilising in the inside of the field, the spread rate at the boundary must be reduced. There is a slight under-fertilising in front of the field boundary.
The spread rate is automatically reduced.
Beforehand, adjust the spread rate reduction on the Control terminal according to the setting chart.

3. Side spreading (Fig. 49):
The boundary is delineated by an area in agricultural use. It is acceptable for a small amount of fertiliser to be thrown across the field boundary.
The fertiliser distribution in towards the centre of the field is still close to the nominal quantity. A small amount of fertiliser is thrown across the field boundary.

See operating manual for software AMABUS.
10.4 Wedge-shaped field broadcasting

Wedge-shaped spreading is achieved by deactivating individual boom part width sections on the control terminal in three phases by means of speed reduction.

See operating instructions software AMABUS.

10.5 Complete discharging

**WARNING**

Danger of being caught and drawn in with driven agitator!

- Never open the guard and function screen while the tractor engine is running.
- Never insert any objects through the guard and function screen while the tractor engine is running.

1. Switch off the agitator shaft drive.
2. Secure the tractor and machine against unintentional starting and rolling away, see page 57.
3. Remove the spreader discs and screw the thumb nuts back on the gearbox, see page 71.
4. Place a hopper under each hopper tip.
5. Open the dosing shutter fully.
6. Open the shutter hydraulically.
   → Residual fertiliser is discharged.
   → Wash out any remaining fertiliser with a water jet.
7. Reinstall the spreader discs after the residue has been drained.
10.6 Notes for spreading slug pellets (e.g. Mesurol)

See the chapter on "Calibrating slug pellets" in the see operating instructions / software AMABUS.

The standard model ZA-M can also be used for wide-area spreading of slug pellets. The slug pellets (e.g. Mesurol) may either be pellets or have a pellet-like shape and are spread in relatively small quantities (e.g. 3 kg/ha).

**WARNING**

When filling the spreader, avoid breathing in product dust and direct skin contact (wear protective gloves). After the application, thoroughly wash your hands and all affected areas of your skin with soap and water.

**DANGER**

Some slug pellets can harm children and pets. Ensure that they are stored in an area that is inaccessible to both children and pets. Always refer to the directions for use from the slug pellet manufacturer.

For additional information on handling slug pellets, refer to the manufacturer's instructions and the general safety precautions for handling crop protection agents (in Germany, data sheet No. 18 of the Federal Biological Research Centre for Agriculture and Forestry (BBA)).

- When spreading slug pellets, ensure that the outlet opening are always covered with product and make sure to always drive at a constant speed. A residue of approx. 0.7 kg for each hopper tip remains, which is impossible to spread according to the intended use of the fertiliser. To empty the spreader, open the slider and catch the flow of product (using a tarp, for example).
- For the spreader settings, refer to the separate setting chart for green manure seed, grain and slug pellets (optional). This information can serve as guide numbers only. Carry out a spread rate check before use.

Due to the low spread rate, it is recommended that the necessary calibration distance is increased by at least three times. The multiplier for the spread rate conversion reduces in this case to a third of the specified value (e.g. for 9 m working width: multiplier 40 : 3 = 13.3).

- Slug pellets must **not** be mixed with fertiliser or other materials in an attempt to operate the spreader in a different setting range.
11 Faults

WARNING
Risk of contusions, shearing, cutting, catching, entanglement drawing in and knocks through
• Unintentional falling of the machine raised using the tractor's three-point linkage.
• Unintentional falling of raised, unsecured machine parts.
• Unintentional start-up and rolling of the tractor-machine combination.

Secure the tractor and the machine against unintentional start-up and rolling, before eliminating faults on the machine. See page 57.

Wait for the machine to stop before entering the machine danger area.

11.1 Eliminating agitator malfunctions

WARNING
Danger from crushing, shearing and/or impact through unintentional closing of the open, unsecured guard and function screen!

Secure the open guard and function screen so that it cannot move accidentally before carrying out work in this area. See page 39.

11.2 Faults in electronics

If faults develop in the Control terminal or the electric setting motors that cannot be eliminated immediately, it is still possible to continue working (see the corresponding operating manual).
## 11.3 Faults, causes and remedies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fertiliser lateral distribution not uniform</td>
<td>Fertiliser deposits on the spreading discs and the spreading vanes.</td>
<td>Clean the spreading discs and the spreading vanes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sliders do not open all the way.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Too much fertiliser in the tractor track</td>
<td>Prescribed spreading disc speed is <strong>not</strong> reached.</td>
<td>Increase tractor engine speed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Spreading vanes and outlets defective or worn.</td>
<td>Check the spreading vanes and outlets. Replaced defective or worn parts immediately.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|                                                                     | The spreading properties of your fertiliser differ from those of the one we tested when creating the setting chart. | Contact the **AMAZONE** Fertiliser Service.  
 tel 05405-501-111 |
| Too much fertiliser in the overlap area                             | Prescribed spreading disc speed is exceeded.                        | Reduce tractor engine speed.                                         |
|                                                                     | The spreading properties of your fertiliser differ from those of the one we tested when creating the setting chart. | Contact the **AMAZONE** Fertiliser Service.  
 tel +49 5405 501 - 111 |
<p>| Both hopper tips do not empty uniformly at the identical slider position | Bridging of fertiliser.                                             | Eliminate cause of bridging.                                         |
|                                                                     | R-clip in the spiral agitator has shorn off due to overloading.     | Replace R-clip.                                                      |
|                                                                     | Basic settings of the sliders differ                                | Check basic settings of the sliders.                                 |
| Hydraulic cylinders are not opening or closing                      | Fluid supply at the tractor is not switched on.                    | Switch on fluid supply at the tractor.                               |
|                                                                     | Power supply to valve block interrupted.                            | Check cable, plug and contacts.                                     |
|                                                                     | Oil filter contaminated.                                             | Replace/clean oil filter.                                            |
|                                                                     | Solenoid valve contaminated.                                         | Rinse solenoid valve.                                                |
| The temperature of the hydraulic fluid is too high in a tractor equipped with a constant flow system (gear pump) | The system converting bolt on the spreader valve block has not been unscrewed to the limit stop (factory setting). | Unscrew the system converting bolt on the spreader valve block until it reaches the limit stop |
|                                                                     | Defective plug couplings                                            | Check plug couplings, repair/replace as required.                   |
|                                                                     | Defective tractor control unit                                       | Check tractor control unit, repair/replace as required.              |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The temperature of the hydraulic fluid is too high in a tractor equipped with a constant pressure system (some older John Deere tractors)</td>
<td>The system converting bolt on the spreader valve block has not been screwed in to the limit stop (opposite of factory setting).</td>
<td>Screw the system converting bolt on the spreader valve block until it reaches the limit stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective plug couplings</td>
<td>Check plug couplings, repair/replace as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective tractor control unit</td>
<td>Check tractor control unit, repair/replace as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The temperature of the hydraulic fluid is too high for a tractor with load-sensing system and oil removal via the tractor control unit</td>
<td>The system converting bolt on the spreader valve block has not been unscrewed to the limit stop (factory setting).</td>
<td>Unscrew the system converting bolt on the spreader valve block until it reaches the limit stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The quantity of oil at the tractor control unit has not sufficiently reduced.</td>
<td>Reduce the quantity of oil at the tractor control unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective plug couplings</td>
<td>Check plug couplings, repair/replace as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective tractor control unit</td>
<td>Check tractor control unit, repair/replace as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The temperature of the hydraulic fluid is too high for a tractor with load-sensing system, direct oil removal and control line</td>
<td>The system converting bolt on the spreader valve block has not been screwed in to the limit stop (opposite of factory setting).</td>
<td>Screw the system converting bolt on the spreader valve block until it reaches the limit stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective plug couplings</td>
<td>Check plug couplings, repair/replace as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMATRON 3 shows no function</td>
<td>Power supply defective.</td>
<td>Check power supply to AMATRON®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A warning signal is given on the control terminal</td>
<td>Sensor provides incorrect speed information to the control terminal</td>
<td>Check sensor distance (approx. 1 – 4 mm) on both hydraulic motors. For this purpose, rotate both spreading discs fully with hydraulic system deactivated. At each of the 4 contacts the speed sensor must switch on and off. When switched on, the LED on the rear of the sensor beside the cable entry lights up.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spreading discs do not start to rotate when they are switched on via the control terminal</td>
<td>Button for switching on spreading disc drive not pressed for min. 3 seconds (safety function).</td>
<td>Press button for switching on spreading disc drive for min. 3 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluid supply from tractor is not switched on.</td>
<td>Switch on fluid supply from tractor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12 Cleaning, maintenance and repairs

**WARNING**

Risk of contusions, shearing, cutting, catching, entanglement drawing in and knocks through

- Unintentional falling of the machine raised using the tractor’s three-point linkage.
- Unintentional falling of raised, unsecured machine parts.
- Unintentional start-up and rolling of the tractor-machine combination.

Secure the tractor and machine against unintentional start-up and rolling, before carrying out cleaning, maintenance or repair work on the machine when coupling or decoupling the machine. See also page 57.

**WARNING**

Risk of contusions, cutting, catching, drawing in and knocks through unprotected danger points!

- Mount protective equipment, which you removed when cleaning, maintaining and repairing the machine.
- Replace defective protective equipment with new equipment.

**WARNING**

Danger from crushing, shearing and/or impact through unintentional closing of the open, unsecured guard and function screen!

Secure the open guard and function screen so that it cannot move accidentally before carrying out work in this area. See page 39.
12.1 Cleaning

- Pay particular attention to the brake, air and hydraulic hose lines.
- Never treat brake, air and hydraulic hose lines with benzene, benzole, petroleum or mineral oils.
- After cleaning, grease the machine, in particular after cleaning with a high pressure cleaner / steam jet or liposoluble agents.
- Observe the statutory requirement for the handling and removal of cleaning agents.

Cleaning with a high pressure cleaner / steam jet

- Always observe the following points when using a high pressure cleaner / steam jet for cleaning:
  - Do not clean any electrical components.
  - Do not clean any chromed components.
  - Never aim the cleaning jet of the cleaning nozzle of the high pressure cleaner/steam jet directly at lubrication points, bearings, rating plates, warning signs, and stickers.
  - Always maintain a minimum jet distance of 300mm between the high pressure cleaning or steam jet cleaning nozzle and the machine.
  - The set pressure of the high-pressure cleaner/steam jet must not exceed 120 bar.
  - Comply with safety regulations when working with high pressure cleaners.

- Clean machine with regular water jet (oiled implements only at washbays with oil separators).
- Give particular attention to cleaning discharge openings and sliders.
- Remove fertiliser deposits from the spreading discs and the spreading vanes.
- When the machine is dry, apply a coat of anti-rust compound. (Use only biodegradable compounds).
- Stow the machine with the sliders opened.
### 12.2 Maintenance plan – Overview

- Carry out maintenance work when the first interval is reached.
- The times, continuous services or maintenance intervals of any third party documentation shall have priority.

#### After the first hours of operation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Maintenance work</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Specialist workshop</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weighing technology</td>
<td>• Check leaf springs and bearing straps</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Check screws for security</td>
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<td>X</td>
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#### Daily

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<tr>
<td>Spreading vanes</td>
<td>• Condition check</td>
<td>92</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

#### Weekly / Every 50 operating hours

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<th>Specialist workshop</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic system</td>
<td>• Condition check</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agitator</td>
<td>• Visual check with the guard screen closed: check whether the spring cotter pin is at hand in the agitator.</td>
<td>91</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hydraulic fluid filter</td>
<td>• Check</td>
<td>100</td>
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#### As required

<table>
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<tr>
<td>Solenoid valves</td>
<td>• Clean</td>
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<td>Spreading vanes</td>
<td>• Replace</td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic setting of sliders</td>
<td>• Check</td>
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<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric traffic light kit</td>
<td>• Check and replace if necessary</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighing technology</td>
<td>• Adjust check screws</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Check screws for security</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Tare and calibrate the spreader</td>
<td>96</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12.3 Shear-off safety device for the agitator shaft drive

The agitator shaft is protected against shearing by safety splints.

Fit safety splints only as shown (Fig. 50).

![Fig. 50]

12.4 Angle gears

When used as intended, the angle gears are maintenance free. The gearbox is delivered from the factory with sufficient gear oil. It is usually not necessary to top up the oil. However, obvious evidence such as new oil stains on the machine's parking space or on machine parts and/or loud noises indicate an oil leak from the gearbox. Determine and eliminate the cause and top up the oil.

Oil filling quantity:

Angular gearbox: 0.15 l SAE 90 gear oil in each case

12.5 Replacing the spreading vanes and swivel vanes

- The technical condition of the spreading vanes, including their swivel blades, is essential for uniform lateral distribution of the fertiliser on the field (i.e. forming strips).
- The spreading vanes are made of especially wear-resistant stainless steel. Nevertheless, we remind you that the spreading vanes and their swivel vanes are wear parts.

Replace the spreading vanes and / or swivel blades as soon as holes from abrasion are visible.

When exchanging the spreading vanes and swivel blades, use the assembly paste provided. This is the only way to ensure that the specified tightening torque is sufficient.
12.5.1 Replacing the spreading vanes

**WARNING**

Danger of ejection of spreading vanes caused by the unintentional release of fixing bolts and quick-release screw connections!

- When replacing the spreading vanes, it is essential to replace used self-locking nuts of the fixing bolts with new ones. A used self-locking nut no longer has the required clamping force to produce a secure screw connection.
- Ensure that the open side of the disc spring is toward the spreading disc before tightening the wing nut. Only in this position can the disc spring pretension and secure the quick-release screw connection.

It is essential to ensure that the spreading vanes are installed correctly! The open side of the U-shaped spreading vane must be facing the direction of rotation.

1. Release and remove the fixing bolt.
2. Release and remove the quick-release screw connection.
3. Replace the spreading vane.
4. Replace the used self-locking nuts of the fixing bolts with new ones.
5. Apply the assembly paste (KA059) to the screw threads.
6. Secure each spreading vane with a fixing bolt, washer and an unused self-locking nut so that they can move on the spreading disc.
7. Tighten the self-locking nut with a tool to the extent that you can still just swivel the spreading vane by hand.
8. Install the respective quick-release bolted connection, consisting of a round-headed screw, plate spring and wing nut. Ensure that the open side of the spring plate is pointing towards the spreading disc.

Fig. 51
9. Swivel the read-off edge of each spreading vane until it reaches the setting required for the desired working width. Also refer to the chapter “Adjusting the working width”, page 72.

10. Firmly tighten the respective wing nut of the quick-release screw connection by hand (without using a tool).

12.5.2 Replacing the swivel vanes

**WARNING**

Danger of ejection of swivel blades of spreading vanes caused by the unintentional release of screw connections!

When replacing the spreading blades, it is essential to replace used self-locking nuts of the screw connections with new ones. A used self-locking nut no longer has the required clamping force to produce a secure screw connection.

(1) Self-locking nut
(2) Plate spring
(3) Fixing bolt
(4) Plastic disc

1. Release the self-locking nut.
2. Remove the self-locking nuts, disc springs and swivel blades from the fixing bolts.
3. Ensure that the plastic disc remains on the fixing pin.
4. Apply the assembly paste (KA059) to the screw threads.
5. Mount the new swivel blade.
   5.1 Push the new swivel blade on to the fixing bolt.
   5.2 Push the plate springs alternately (do not stack) on the fixing pins.
   5.3 Secure the plastic disc, swivel blade and plate springs with an unused self-locking nut on the spreading vane so that they can be moved.
   5.4 Tighten the self-locking nut with a tool so that the swivel blade can still just be swivelled by hand but cannot swing upwards automatically.

Fig. 52
12.6 Checking the screws of the weigh cell

The specified tightening torque for the screws of the weigh cell is **280 Nm**.

Check the tightening torque of the following screws:

- 6 screws of the weighing cell (Fig. 53/1)
- 2 x 8 screws of the leaf springs (Fig. 54/1)
12.7 Checking the horizontal position of the leaf springs and bearing straps

Fig. 55/...
(1) Weighing frame
(2) Weighing cell
(3) Leaf spring
(4) Bearing strap
(5) Micrometer
(6) Check screw
(7) Support block
(8) Lock nut

The leaf springs and bearing straps must be in horizontal position, as otherwise the measurement result will be falsified.

At the factory, the leaf springs and bearing straps are installed horizontal.

After a fertilise quantity of approx. 10,000 has been spread, the micrometer may have become settled or worked into the support block. This may displace the leaf springs from the horizontal.

In this case, the micrometer must be reset until the leaf springs and bearing straps are again aligned horizontally.

The micrometer is located centrally under the frame of the spreader in the weighing cell.

For this purpose:
1. Release the lock nut.
2. Reset the micrometer
3. Tighten the lock nut.

After performing the setup tasks for the micrometer on the angular gearbox, carry out the following:

- Calibrate the spreader. (See operating manual for software AMABUS / ISOBUS).
- Adjust the clearance for the check screw.

Align leaf springs and bearing straps only when the spreader is empty!
12.8 Adjusting the clearance at the check screws

The check screws (Fig. 56/2) must be set with 2 mm clearance as shown.

They are located to the left and right of the spreader frame.

For this purpose:
1. Release the lock nut (Fig. 56/1)
2. Adjust the check screws (Fig. 56/2)
3. Tighten the lock nut (Fig. 56/1)

Adjustment must be made with the spreader empty.

12.9 Taring the spreader

If the control terminal does not show 0 kg (+/- 5 kg) fill weight with the spreader empty, the spreader must be retared (See operating manual for software AMABUS).

This may occur, for example, after the attachment of special accessories.

12.10 Calibrating the spreader

If after filling the retared spreader does not show the correct fill weight, the spreader must be recalibrated (See operating manual for software AMABUS).
12.11 Hydraulic system

WARNING

Danger due to escaping high-pressure hydraulic fluid which can penetrate the body through the skin (danger of infection).

- Only a specialist workshop may carry out work on the hydraulic system.
- The hydraulic system is under high pressure. Depressurise the hydraulic system before carrying out work on the hydraulic system.
- When searching for leak points, always use suitable aids.
- Never attempt to plug leaks in hydraulic hose lines using your hand or fingers.

Escaping high pressure fluid (hydraulic fluid) may pass through the skin and ingress into the body, causing serious injuries! If you are injured by hydraulic fluid, contact a doctor immediately. Risk of infection!

WARNING

Danger of unintentional contact with hydraulic fluid!

Please take the following first-aid measures:

- Following inhalation:
  o No special action required.
- Following contact with the skin:
  o Wash off with plenty of soap and water.
- Following contact with the eyes:
  o Rinse eyes for several minutes under running water, holding the eyelid open.
- Following ingestion:
  o Seek medical assistance.
• When connecting the hydraulic hose lines to the tractor's hydraulic system, ensure that the hydraulic system is depressurised on both the tractor and the machine.

• Ensure that the hydraulic hose lines are connected correctly.

• Regularly check all the hydraulic hose lines and couplings for damage and impurities.

• Have the hydraulic hose line checked at least once a year by a specialist for proper functioning.

• Replace the hydraulic hose line if it is damaged or worn. Only use AMAZONE original hydraulic hose lines.

• The hydraulic hose lines should not be used for longer than six years, including any storage time of maximum two years. Even with proper storage and approved use, hoses and hose connections are subject to natural ageing, thus limiting the length of use. However, it may be possible to specify the length of use from experience values, in particular when taking the risk potential into account. In the case of hoses and hose connections made from thermoplastics, other guide values may be decisive.

• Dispose of old oil in the correct way. If you have problems with disposal, contact your oil supplier.

• Keep hydraulic fluid out of the reach of children!

• Ensure that no hydraulic fluid enters the soil or waterways.

12.11.1 Labelling of hydraulic hose lines

The assembly labelling provides the following information:

Fig. 57/...

(1) Manufacturer's marking on the hydraulic hose line (A1HF)

(2) Date of manufacturer of the hydraulic hose line

(04 / 02 = Yes / Month = February 2004)

(3) Maximum approved operating pressure

(210 BAR).

Fig. 57
12.11.2 Maintenance intervals

After the first 10 operating hours, and then every 50 operating hours

1. Check all the components of the hydraulic system for tightness.
2. If necessary, tighten screw unions.

Before each start-up:

1. Check hydraulic hose lines for visible damage.
2. Eliminate any scouring points on hydraulic hose lines and pipes.
3. Immediately replace worn or damaged hydraulic hose lines and pipes.

12.11.3 Inspection criteria for hydraulic hose lines

For your own safety, comply with the following inspection criteria!

Replace hydraulic hose lines if the respective hydraulic hose line fulfils at least one of the following criteria:

- Damage to the outer layer up to the ply (e.g. scouring points, cuts, cracks).
- Britteness of the outer layer (crack formation of the hose material).
- Deformations which do not match the natural shape of the hose or the hose line. Both in a depressurised and pressurised state or when bent (e.g. layer separation, bubble formation, pinching, bends).
- Leak points.
- Damage or deformation of the hose assembly (sealing function restricted); minor surface damage is not a reason for replacement.
- Movement of the hose out of the assembly.
- Corrosion of assembly, reducing the function and tightness.
- Installation requirements not complied with.
- Life span of 6 years has been exceeded.

→ The date of manufacture of the hydraulic hose line on the assembly is decisive for determining these six years. If the date of manufacture on the assembly is "2004", then the hose should not be used beyond February 2010. See also "Labelling of hydraulic hose lines", page Fig. 57
12.11.4 Installation and removal of hydraulic hose lines

When installing and removing hydraulic hose lines, always observe the following information:

- Only use original AMAZONE hydraulic hose lines.
- Ensure cleanliness.
- Always install the hydraulic hose lines to ensure the following in all operational positions:
  - There is no tension, apart from the hose's own weight.
  - There is no possibility of jolting on short lengths.
  - Outer mechanical influences on the hydraulic hose lines are avoided.
  - Use appropriate arrangements and fixings to prevent abrasion of the hydraulic hose lines by components or from rubbing against one another. If necessary, secure hydraulic hose lines using protective covers. Cover sharp-edged components.
  - The approved bending radii may not be exceeded.
- When connecting a hydraulic hose line to moving parts, the hose length must be appropriate so that the smallest approved bending radius is not undershot over the whole area of movement and/or the hydraulic hose line is not overtensioned.
- Fix the hydraulic hose lines at the specified fixing points. There, avoid hose clips, which impair the natural movement and length changes of the hose.
- The coating of hydraulic hose lines is not permitted.

12.11.5 Checking the hydraulic fluid filter

Hydraulic fluid filter (Fig. 58/1) with contamination indicator (Fig. 58/2):

- Green   Filter fully functional
- Red     Replace filter

To remove the filter, twist off the filter cover and remove the filter.

**WARNING**

Beforehand, depressurise the hydraulic system.

After replacing the filter, press the contamination indicator back into place.

→ Green ring again visible.
12.11.6 Cleaning the solenoid valves

To eliminate impurities from the solenoid valves, they must be flushed through. This may be necessary if deposit prevent the slider fully opening or closing.

1. Depressurise the hydraulic system.
2. Unscrew the magnetic cap (Fig. 59/1)
3. Remove the solenoid (Fig. 59/2)
4. Unscrew the valve rod (Fig. 59/3) with valve seats and clean with compressed air or hydraulic fluid.
5. Refit valve rod, solenoid and magnetic cap.

12.12 Checking basic position of sliders

See operating instructions for the Software AMABUS/ISOBUS.

12.13 Electric lighting system

WARNING
Replace defective bulbs immediately so that you do not pose a hazard to other motorists and cyclists!

Replacement of light bulbs:
1. Unscrew the sight glass.
2. Remove the defective bulb.
3. Insert the replacement bulb (ensure that the voltage and wattage are correct).
4. Insert and screw on the sight glass.

12.14 Upper and lower link pins

WARNING
Risk of contusions, catching, and knocks when the machine is unexpectedly released from the tractor!

Check the upper and lower link pins for visible damage each time you couple the machine. Replace the upper and lower link pins in the event of clearly visible wear.
(1) Connection for control unit (P) red
(2) Connection for the pressure-free return flow (T) red
(3) Connection for the load-sensing control line (LS) red
(4) Hydraulic motor for the left spreading disc
(5) Hydraulic motor for the right spreading disc
(6) Hydraulic motor for the agitator shaft
(7) Hydraulic cylinder for the left closing gate
(8) Hydraulic cylinder for the right closing gate
(9) Hydraulic cylinder swivelable hopper cover (optional)
## 12.16 Screw tightening torques

### Table

<table>
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<tr>
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<td>M 8</td>
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<td>M 10</td>
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### Diagram

![Diagram showing screw tightening torques](image-url)
AMAZONEN-WERKE

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Manufacturers of mineral fertiliser spreaders, field sprayers, seed drills, soil cultivation machines and communal units